

Package ‘lfa’

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Title Logistic Factor Analysis for Categorical Data

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LazyData true

Description LFA is a method for a PCA analogue on Binomial data via estimation of latent structure in the natural parameter.

Imports corpcor

Depends R (>= 3.2)

Suggests knitr, ggplot2

VignetteBuilder knitr

License GPL-3

biocViews SNP, DimensionReduction, PrincipalComponent

BugReports <https://github.com/StoreyLab/lfa/issues>

URL <https://github.com/StoreyLab/lfa>

NeedsCompilation yes

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af *Allele frequencies*

Description

Compute matrix of individual-specific allele frequencies

Usage

```
af(X, LF, safety = FALSE)
```

Arguments

X a matrix of SNP genotypes, i.e. an integer matrix of 0's, 1's, and 2's. Sparse matrices of class Matrix are not supported (yet).

LF Matrix of logistic factors, with intercept. Pass in the return value from lfa!

safety optional boolean to bypass checks on the genotype matrices, which require a non-trivial amount of computation.

Details

Computes the matrix of individual-specific allele frequencies, which has the same dimensions of the genotype matrix. Be warned that this function could use a ton of memory, as the return value is all doubles. It could be wise to pass only a selection of the SNPs in your genotype matrix to get an idea for memory usage. Use gc to check memory usage!

Value

Matrix of individual-specific allele frequencies.

Examples

```
LF = lfa(hgdp_subset, 4)
allele_freqs = af(hgdp_subset, LF)
```

af_snp *Allele frequencies for SNP*

Description

Computes individual-specific allele frequencies for a single SNP.

Usage

```
af_snp(snp, LF)
```

Arguments

snp vector of 0's, 1's, and 2's

LF Matrix of logistic factors, with intercept. Pass in the return value from lfa!

Value

vector of allele frequencies

center	<i>Matrix centering</i>
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Description

C routine to row-center a matrix

Usage

```
center(A)
```

Arguments

A matrix

Value

matrix same dimensions A but row centered

Examples

```
center(hgdp_subset)
```

centerscale	<i>Matrix centering and scaling</i>
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Description

C routine to row-center and scale a matrix. Doesn't work with missing data.

Usage

```
centerscale(A)
```

Arguments

A matrix

Value

matrix same dimensions A but row centered and scaled

Examples

```
centerscale(hgdp_subset)
```

hgdp_subset	<i>HGDP subset</i>
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Description

Subset of the HGDP dataset.

Usage

hgdp_subset

Format

a matrix of 0's, 1's and 2's.

Value

genotype matrix

Source

Stanford HGDP <http://www.hagsc.org/hgdp/files.html>

lfa	<i>Logistic factor analysis</i>
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Description

Fit a factor model of dimension d for binomial data. Returns logistic factors.

Usage

`lfa(X, d, adjustments = NULL, override = FALSE, safety = FALSE)`

Arguments

<code>X</code>	a matrix of SNP genotypes, i.e. an integer matrix of 0's, 1's, and 2's. Sparse matrices of class <code>Matrix</code> are not supported (yet).
<code>d</code>	number of logistic factors, including the intercept
<code>adjustments</code>	a matrix of adjustment variables to hold fixed during estimation.
<code>override</code>	optional boolean to bypass Lanczos bidiagonalization SVD. Usually not advised unless encountering a bug in the SVD code.
<code>safety</code>	optional boolean to bypass checks on the genotype matrices, which require a non-trivial amount of computation.

Details

This function performs logistic factor analysis on SNP data. As it stands, we follow the convention where $d = 1$ is intercept only, and for $d > 1$ we compute $d - 1$ singular vectors and postpend the intercept.

Value

matrix of logistic factors, with the intercept at the end.

Note

Genotype matrix is expected to be a matrix of integers with values 0, 1, and 2. Note that the coding of the SNPs does not affect the algorithm.

Examples

```
LF <- lfa(hgdp_subset, 4)
dim(LF)
head(LF)
```

model.gof

LFA model goodness of fit

Description

Compute SNP-by-SNP goodness-of-fit when compared to population structure. This can be aggregated to determine genome-wide goodness-of-fit for a particular value of d .

Usage

```
model.gof(X, LF, B)
```

Arguments

<code>X</code>	a matrix of SNP genotypes, i.e. an integer matrix of 0's, 1's, and 2's. Sparse matrices of class <code>Matrix</code> are not supported (yet).
<code>LF</code>	matrix of logistic factors
<code>B</code>	number of null datasets to generate - $B = 1$ is usually sufficient. If computational time/power allows, a few extra B could be helpful

Details

This function returns p-values for LFA model goodness of fit based on a simulated null.

Value

vector of p-values for each SNP.

Note

Genotype matrix is expected to be a matrix of integers with values 0, 1, and 2. Currently no support for missing values. Note that the coding of the SNPs does not affect the algorithm.

Examples

```
LF = lfa(hgdp_subset, 4)
gof_4 = model.gof(hgdp_subset, LF, 3)
LF = lfa(hgdp_subset, 10)
gof_10 = model.gof(hgdp_subset, LF, 3)
hist(gof_4)
hist(gof_10)
```

pca_af

PCA Allele frequencies

Description

Compute matrix of individual-specific allele frequencies via PCA

Usage

```
pca_af(X, d, override = FALSE)
```

Arguments

X	a matrix of SNP genotypes, i.e. an integer matrix of 0's, 1's, and 2's. Sparse matrices of class Matrix are not supported (yet).
d	number of logistic factors, including the intercept
override	optional boolean to bypass Lanczos bidiagonalization SVD. Usually not advised unless encountering a bug in the SVD code.

Details

This corresponds to algorithm 1 in the paper. Only used for comparison purposes.

Value

Matrix of individual-specific allele frequencies.

Examples

```
LF = lfa(hgdp_subset, 4)
allele_freqs_lfa = af(hgdp_subset, LF)
allele_freqs_pca = pca_af(hgdp_subset, 4, LF)
summary(abs(allele_freqs_lfa-allele_freqs_pca))
```

read.bed	<i>File input: .bed</i>
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Description

Reads in genotypes in .bed format with corresponding bim and fam files

Usage

```
read.bed(prefix)
```

Arguments

prefix Path leading to the bed, bim, and fam files.

Details

Use plink with `--make-bed`

Value

Genotype matrix

Examples

```
# assuming you have PLINK format HapMap data from: http://pngu.mgh.harvard.edu/~purcell/plink/res.shtml
# run this in the unpacked folder
x = NULL
## Not run: x = read.bed("hapmap_r23a")
```

read.tped.recode	<i>Read .tped</i>
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Description

Reads a .tped format genotype matrix and returns the R object needed by [lfa](#).

Usage

```
read.tped.recode(tped.filename, buffer.size = 5e+08)
```

Arguments

tped.filename Path to your .tped file after tranposing and recoding.
buffer.size Number of characters to keep in the buffer

Details

Use `--transpose` and `--recode12` on your plink formatted genotypes to generate the proper tped file. This is a pretty terrible function that uses a growing matrix for the genotypes so it is to your benefit to have as large a `buffer.size` as possible.

Value

genotype matrix with elements 0, 1, 2, and NA.

Examples

```
#assuming you have a .tped file in the right directory
x = NULL
## Not run: x = read.tped.recode("file.tped")
```

trunc.svd

Truncated singular value decomposition

Description

Truncated SVD

Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'svd'
trunc(A, d, adjust = 3, tol = 1e-10, V = NULL,
      seed = NULL, ltrace = FALSE, override = FALSE)
```

Arguments

A	matrix
d	number of singular vectors
adjust	extra singular vectors to calculate for accuracy
tol	convergence criterion
V	optional initial guess
seed	seed
ltrace	debugging output
override	TRUE means we use fast.svd instead of the iterative algorithm (useful for small data or very high d).

Details

Performs singular value decomposition but only returns the first d singular vectors/values. The truncated SVD utilizes Lanczos bidiagonalization. See references.

This function was modified from the package irlba 1.0.1 (?) under GPL. The of the crossprod() calls with the C wrapper to dgemv is a dramatic difference in larger datasets. Since the wrapper is technically not a matrix multiplication function, it seemed wise to make a copy of the function.

Value

list with singular value decomposition.

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