

# Package ‘CNPBayes’

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**Type** Package

**Title** Bayesian mixture models for copy number polymorphisms

**Version** 1.0.0

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**Description** Bayesian hierarchical mixture models for batch effects and copy number.

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**Author** Stephen Cristiano, Robert Scharpf, and Jacob Carey

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**Imports** Rcpp (>= 0.12.1), S4Vectors, matrixStats, RColorBrewer, gtools, oligoClasses, combinat, GenomeInfoDb, IRanges, methods, BiocGenerics

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**R topics documented:**

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---

batch	<i>Retrieve batches from object.</i>
-------	--------------------------------------

---

**Description**

The batches are represented as a vector of integers.

**Usage**

```
batch(object)

## S4 method for signature 'DensityModel'
batch(object)

## S4 method for signature 'MixtureModel'
batch(object)
```

**Arguments**

object      see showMethods(batch)

**Value**

The batch of each data element.

**Examples**

```
batch(BatchModelExample)
```

---

BatchModel	<i>Create an object for running hierarchical MCMC simulations.</i>
------------	--

---

**Description**

Create an object for running hierarchical MCMC simulations.

**Usage**

```
BatchModel(data = numeric(), k = 2L, batch, hypp, mcmc.params)
```

**Arguments**

data	the data for the simulation.
k	An integer value specifying the number of latent classes.
batch	a vector of the different batch numbers (must be sorted)
hypp	An object of class 'Hyperparameters' used to specify the hyperparameters of the model.
mcmc.params	An object of class 'McmcParams'

**Value**

An object of class 'BatchModel'

**Examples**

```
model <- BatchModel(rnorm(10), k=1, batch=rep(1:2, each=5))
```

---

BatchModel-class	<i>An object for running MCMC simulations.</i>
------------------	--

---

**Description**

Run hierarchical MCMC for batch model.

**Slots**

k	An integer value specifying the number of latent classes.
hyperparams	An object of class 'Hyperparameters' used to specify the hyperparameters of the model.
theta	the means of each component and batch
sigma2	the variances of each component and batch
nu.0	the shape parameter for sigma2
sigma2.0	the rate parameter for sigma2

`pi` mixture probabilities which are assumed to be the same for all batches  
`mu` means from batches, averaged across batches  
`tau2` variances from batches, weighted by precisions  
`data` the data for the simulation.  
`data.mean` the empirical means of the components  
`data.prec` the empirical precisions  
`z` latent variables  
`zfreq` table of latent variables  
`probz`  $n \times k$  matrix of probabilities  
`logprior` log likelihood of prior:  $\log(p(\text{sigma2.0})p(\text{nu.0})p(\text{mu}))$   
`loglik` log likelihood:  $\sum p_k \Phi(\theta_k, \sigma_k)$   
`mcmc.chains` an object of class 'McmcChains' to store MCMC samples  
`batch` a vector of the different batch numbers  
`batchElements` a vector labeling from which batch each observation came from  
`modes` the values of parameters from the iteration which maximizes log likelihood and log prior  
`mcmc.params` An object of class 'McmcParams'  
`.internal.constraint` Constraint on parameters. For internal use only.

---

BatchModelExample	<i>This data is a simulated example of Batch data</i>
-------------------	---

---

### Description

This data is a simulated example of Batch data

### Usage

```
BatchModelExample
```

### Value

An example of a 'BatchModel' BatchModelExample

### Author(s)

Jacob Carey

---

bic	<i>Calculate BIC of a model</i>
-----	---------------------------------

---

**Description**

Calculate BIC of a model

**Usage**

```
bic(object)

## S4 method for signature 'BatchModel'
bic(object)

## S4 method for signature 'MarginalModel'
bic(object)
```

**Arguments**

object            see showMethods(bic)

**Value**

The BIC of the model.

**Examples**

```
bic(BatchModelExample)
```

---

burnin	<i>Number of burnin iterations.</i>
--------	-------------------------------------

---

**Description**

This function retrieves the number of burnin simulations to be discarded.

This function changes the number of burnin simulations to be discarded.

**Usage**

```
burnin(object)

burnin(object) <- value

## S4 method for signature 'McmcParams'
burnin(object)

## S4 replacement method for signature 'McmcParams'
burnin(object) <- value

## S4 method for signature 'MixtureModel'
```

```
burnin(object)

## S4 replacement method for signature 'MixtureModel'
burnin(object) <- value
```

### Arguments

object            see showMethods(burnin)  
value            new number of burnin iterations

### Value

The number of burnin simulations.

### Examples

```
burnin(MarginalModelExample)
mp <- mcmcParams(MarginalModelExample)
burnin(mp)
```

---

chains	<i>Retrieve simulated chains from model object.</i>
--------	---

---

### Description

The method chains applied to a MixtureModel-derived class will return an object of class McmcChains that contains the chains for all simulated parameters. Typically, chains is called in conjunction with an accessor for one of these parameters.

### Usage

```
chains(object)

## S4 method for signature 'MixtureModel'
chains(object)
```

### Arguments

object            showMethods(chains)

### Value

The simulated chains.

### Examples

```
theta.chain <- theta(chains(MarginalModelExample))
dim(theta.chain)
plot.ts(theta.chain, plot.type="single",
        col=seq_len(k(MarginalModelExample)))
```

---

chromosome	<i>Extract character vector of sequence names</i>
------------	---

---

**Description**

Short cut for `as.character(seqnames(g))` where `g` is a `GRanges` object.

**Usage**

```
chromosome(object, ...)
```

**Arguments**

object	a <code>GRanges</code> instance
...	currently ignored

**Value**

A character vector

**Examples**

```
## Not run:
g <- GRanges("chr1", IRanges(10, 15))
chromosome(g)

## End(Not run)
```

---

clusters	<i>Accessor for extracting the kmeans clusters from a DensityModel instance</i>
----------	---

---

**Description**

Accessor for extracting the kmeans clusters from a `DensityModel` instance

**Usage**

```
clusters(object)

## S4 method for signature 'DensityModel'
clusters(object)
```

**Arguments**

object	an instance of class <code>'DensityModel'</code>
--------	--

**Value**

k-means clustering of the component means using the modes as centers.



**See Also**

[DensityModel-class](#)

**Examples**

```
truth <- simulateData(N=2500, p=rep(1/3, 3),
                     theta=c(-1, 0, 1),
                     sds=rep(0.1, 3))
dm <- DensityModel(truth)
clusters(dm)
```

---

CNPBayes

*Bayesian mixture models for copy number estimation*

---

**Description**

Bayesian mixture models for copy number estimation

---

collapseBatch

*Estimate batch from a collection of chemistry plates or some other variable that captures the time in which the arrays were processed.*

---

**Description**

In high-throughput assays, low-level summaries of copy number at copy number polymorphic loci (e.g., the mean log R ratio for each sample, or a principal-component derived summary) often differ between groups of samples due to technical sources of variation such as reagents, technician, or laboratory. Technical (as opposed to biological) differences between groups of samples are referred to as batch effects. A useful surrogate for batch is the chemistry plate on which the samples were hybridized. In large studies, a Bayesian hierarchical mixture model with plate-specific means and variances is computationally prohibitive. However, chemistry plates processed at similar times may be qualitatively similar in terms of the distribution of the copy number summary statistic. Further, we have observed that some copy number polymorphic loci exhibit very little evidence of a batch effect, while other loci are more prone to technical variation. We suggest combining plates that are qualitatively similar in terms of the Kolmogorov-Smirnov two-sample test of the distribution and to implement this test independently for each candidate copy number polymorphism identified in a study. The collapseBatch function is a wrapper to the ks.test implemented in the stats package that compares all pairwise combinations of plates. The ks.test is performed recursively on the batch variables defined for a given CNP until no batches can be combined.

**Usage**

```
collapseBatch(object, plate, THR = 0.1)

## S4 method for signature 'BatchModel'
collapseBatch(object)

## S4 method for signature 'SummarizedExperiment'
collapseBatch(object, plate, THR = 0.1)

## S4 method for signature 'numeric'
collapseBatch(object, plate, THR = 0.1)
```

**Arguments**

object	see showMethods(collapseBatch)
plate	a vector labelling from which batch each observation came from.
THR	threshold below which the null hypothesis should be rejected and batches are collapsed.

**Value**

The new batch value.

**Examples**

```
bt <- collapseBatch(y(BatchModelExample), batch(BatchModelExample))
newBatchModel <- BatchModel(y(BatchModelExample), k(BatchModelExample),
                             bt, hyperParams(BatchModelExample),
                             mcmcParams(BatchModelExample))
```

---

consensusCNP	<i>Identify consensus start and stop coordinates of a copy number polymorphism</i>
--------------	--

---

**Description**

The collection of copy number variants (CNVs) identified in a study can be encapsulated in a GRangesList, where each element is a GRanges of the CNVs identified for an individual. (For a study with 1000 subjects, the GRangesList object would have length 1000 if each individual had 1 or more CNVs.) For regions in which CNVs occur in more than 2 percent of study participants, the start and end boundaries of the CNVs may differ because of biological differences in the CNV size as well as due to technical noise of the assay and the uncertainty of the breakpoints identified by a segmentation of the genomic data. Among subjects with a CNV called at a given locus, the consensusCNP function identifies the largest region that is copy number variant in half of these subjects.

**Usage**

```
consensusCNP(grl, transcripts, min.width = 2000, max.width = 2e+05,
             min.prevalance = 0.02)
```

**Arguments**

grl	A GRangesList of all CNVs in a study – each element is the collection of CNVs for one individual.
transcripts	a GRanges object containing annotation of genes or transcripts (optional)
min.width	length-one integer vector specifying the minimum width of CNVs
max.width	length-one integer vector specifying the maximum width of CNVs
min.prevalance	a length-one numeric vector specifying the minimum prevalence of a copy number polymorphism. Must be in the interval [0,1]. If less than 0, this function will return all CNV loci regardless of prevalence. If greater than 1, this function will return a length-zero GRanges object

**Value**

a GRanges object providing the intervals of all identified CNPs above a user-specified prevalence cutoff.

**Examples**

```

library(GenomicRanges)
##
## Simulate 2 loci at which CNVs are common
##
set.seed(100)
starts <- rpois(1000, 100) + 10e6L
ends <- rpois(1000, 100) + 10.1e6L
cnv1 <- GRanges("chr1", IRanges(starts, ends))
cnv1$id <- paste0("sample", seq_along(cnv1))

starts <- rpois(500, 1000) + 101e6L
ends <- rpois(500, 1000) + 101.4e6L
cnv2 <- GRanges("chr5", IRanges(starts, ends))
cnv2$id <- paste0("sample", seq_along(cnv2))

##
## Simulate a few other CNVs that are less common because they are
## very large, or because they occur in regions that in which copy
## number alterations are not common
##
cnv3 <- GRanges("chr1", IRanges(9e6L, 15e6L), id="sample1400")
starts <- seq(5e6L, 200e6L, 10e6L)
ends <- starts + rpois(length(starts), 25e3L)
cnv4 <- GRanges("chr1", IRanges(starts, ends),
                id=paste0("sample", sample(1000:1500, length(starts))))

all_cnvs <- suppressWarnings(c(cnv1, cnv2, cnv3, cnv4))
gr1 <- split(all_cnvs, all_cnvs$id)
cnps <- consensusCNP(gr1)

##
## 2nd CNP is filtered because of its size
##
truth <- GRanges("chr1", IRanges(10000100L, 10100100L))
seqinfo(truth) <- seqinfo(gr1)
identical(cnps, truth)

##
## Both CNVs identified
##
cnps <- consensusCNP(gr1, max.width=500e3)
truth <- GRanges(c("chr1", "chr5"),
                 IRanges(c(10000100L, 101000999L),
                          c(10100100L, 101400999L)))
seqlevels(truth, force=TRUE) <- seqlevels(gr1)
seqinfo(truth) <- seqinfo(gr1)
identical(cnps, truth)

```

---

DensityModel	<i>Constructor for DensityModel class</i>
--------------	---

---

### Description

Instantiates an instance of 'DensityModel' (or 'DensityBatchModel') from a MarginalModel or BatchModel object. See the corresponding class for additional details and examples.

### Usage

```
DensityModel(object, merge = FALSE)
```

### Arguments

object	see showMethods(DensityModel)
merge	Logical. Whether to use kmeans clustering to cluster the component means using the estimated modes from the overall density as the centers for the kmeans function.

### Value

An object of class 'DensityModel'

### See Also

[DensityModel-class kmeans](#)

### Examples

```
dm <- DensityModel(MarginalModelExample)
```

---

DensityModel-class	<i>An object to store estimated mixture model densities</i>
--------------------	---

---

### Description

Instances of DensityModel store the estimated densities for each component and the overall (marginal) estimate of the density. The derived class DensityBatchModel additionally stores the density for each batch / component combination (i.e., if there are 3 components and 10 batches, there are 30 estimated densities). The intended use-case of the DensityModel class is to facilitate visualization of the estimated densities (see examples) as well as to provide an estimate of the number of modes in the overall density. If the number of estimated modes is smaller than the number of components of the best-fitting mixture model, post-hoc merging of components may be useful.

**Slots**

**component** The component densities.

**overall** The overall (marginal across batches and components) estimate of the density.

**modes** A numeric vector providing the estimated modes in the overall density. The modes are defined by a crude estimate of the first derivative of the overall density (see `findModes`).

**data** A numeric vector containing the data

**clusters** A vector providing the k-means clustering of the component means using the modes as centers. If an object of class `DensityModel` is instantiated with `merge=FALSE`, this slot takes values 1, ..., K, where K is the number of components.

**See Also**

[DensityModel](#)

**Examples**

```
## marginal model
truth <- simulateData(N=2500, p=rep(1/3, 3),
                     theta=c(-1, 0, 1),
                     sds=rep(0.1, 3))
dm <- DensityModel(truth)
print(dm)
dm.merged <- DensityModel(truth, merge=TRUE)
print(dm.merged)
## here, because there are 3 distinct modes, specifying merge=TRUE
## does not change the resulting clusters
identical(clusters(dm), clusters(dm.merged))
## These objects can be plotted
plot(dm)
## Note that calling plot on a MixtureModel-derived object returns
## a density object as a side-effect of the plotting
dm2 <- CNPBayes::plot(truth)
identical(dm, dm2)
## batch model
k <- 3
nbatch <- 3
means <- matrix(c(-1.2, -1.0, -0.8,
                 -0.2, 0, 0.2,
                 0.8, 1, 1.2), nbatch, k, byrow=FALSE)
sds <- matrix(0.1, nbatch, k)
N <- 1500
truth <- simulateBatchData(N=N,
                          batch=rep(letters[1:3], length.out=N),
                          theta=means,
                          sds=sds,
                          p=c(1/5, 1/3, 1-1/3-1/5))
dm <- DensityModel(truth)
dm.merged <- DensityModel(truth, merge=TRUE)
print(dm)
dm2 <- CNPBayes::plot(truth)
identical(dm, dm2)
## suppress plotting of the batch-specific densities
CNPBayes::plot(dm2, show.batch=FALSE)
```

---

downsample                      *Create tile labels for each observation*

---

### Description

A wrapper for function downSampleEachBatch. Batches are automatically merged as needed.

### Usage

```
downsample(batch.file, plate, y, ntiles = 250, THR = 0.1)
```

### Arguments

batch.file	the name of a file containing RDS data to be read in.
plate	a vector containing the labels from which batch each observation came from.
y	in memory data
ntiles	number of tiles in a batch
THR	threshold above which to merge batches in Kolmogorov-Smirnov test.

### Value

Tile labels for each observation

---

downSampleEachBatch                      *Create tile labels for each observation*

---

### Description

Create tile labels for each observation

### Usage

```
downSampleEachBatch(y, nt, batch)
```

### Arguments

y	vector containing data
nt	the number of tiles in a batch
batch	a vector containing the labels from which batch each observation came from.

### Value

Tile labels for each observation

---

eta.0	<i>Retrieve the rate parameter for the tau2 distribution.</i>
-------	---

---

**Description**

Retrieve the rate parameter for the tau2 distribution.

**Usage**

```
eta.0(object)

## S4 method for signature 'MixtureModel'
eta.0(object)

## S4 method for signature 'Hyperparameters'
eta.0(object)
```

**Arguments**

object            see showMethods(eta.0)

**Value**

eta.0 of a 'MixtureModel'

**Examples**

```
eta.0(MarginalModelExample)
```

---

extract	<i>extract data, latent variable, and batch for given observation</i>
---------	---

---

**Description**

extract data, latent variable, and batch for given observation  
 extract estimated parameters at particular iteration of simulation.  
 Allows a user to pass a vector for burnin, thin, and iter.

**Usage**

```
## S4 method for signature 'BatchModel,ANY'
x[i, j, ..., drop = FALSE]

## S4 method for signature 'McmcChains,ANY'
x[i, j, ..., drop = FALSE]

## S4 method for signature 'McmcParams,ANY'
x[i, j, ..., drop = FALSE]
```

**Arguments**

x	An object of class BatchModel, McmcChains, or McmcParams
i	An element of the instance to be extracted.
j	Not used.
...	Not used.
drop	Not used.

**Value**

An object of class 'BatchModel'  
 An object of class 'McmcChains'  
 An object of class 'McmcParams'

---

Hyperparameters      *Create an object of class 'Hyperparameters'*

---

**Description**

Create an object of class 'Hyperparameters'

**Usage**

```
Hyperparameters(type = "batch", k = 2L, ...)
```

**Arguments**

type	specifies 'marginal' or 'batch'
k	number of components
...	optional parameters. See details

**Details**

Additional hyperparameters can be passed to the HyperparametersMarginal and HyperparametersBatch models.

**Value**

An object of class HyperparametersMarginal or HyperparametersBatch

**Examples**

```
hypp <- Hyperparameters("marginal", k=2)
```



---

Hyperparameters-class *An object to specify the hyperparameters of a model.*

---

### Description

An object to specify the hyperparameters of a model.

### Slots

k Number of components  
 mu.0 Prior mean for mu.  
 tau2.0 prior variance on mu  
 eta.0 rate parameter for tau2  
 m2.0 shape parameter for tau2  
 alpha mixture probabilities  
 beta parameter for nu.0 distribution  
 a shape for sigma2.0  
 b rate for sigma2.0

---

HyperparametersBatch *Create an object of class 'HyperparametersBatch' for the batch mixture model*

---

### Description

Create an object of class 'HyperparametersBatch' for the batch mixture model

### Usage

```
HyperparametersBatch(k = 0L, mu.0 = 0, tau2.0 = 100, eta.0 = 1800,
  m2.0 = 1/60, alpha, beta = 0.1, a = 1.8, b = 6)
```

### Arguments

k	length-one integer vector specifying number of components (typically $1 \leq k \leq 4$ )
mu.0	length-one numeric vector of the of the normal prior for the component means.
tau2.0	length-one numeric vector of the variance for the normal prior of the component means
eta.0	length-one numeric vector of the shape parameter for the Inverse Gamma prior of the component variances, tau2_h. The shape parameter is parameterized as $1/2 * \eta.0$ . In the batch model, tau2_h describes the inter-batch heterogeneity of means for component h.
m2.0	length-one numeric vector of the rate parameter for the Inverse Gamma prior of the component variances, tau2_h. The rate parameter is parameterized as $1/2 * \eta.0 * m2.0$ . In the batch model, tau2_h describes the inter-batch heterogeneity of means for component h.

alpha	length-k numeric vector of the shape parameters for the dirichlet prior on the mixture probabilities
beta	length-one numeric vector for the parameter of the geometric prior for nu.0 (nu.0 is the shape parameter of the Inverse Gamma sampling distribution for the component-specific variances. Together, nu.0 and sigma2.0 model inter-component heterogeneity in variances.). beta is a probability and must be in the interval [0,1].
a	length-one numeric vector of the shape parameter for the Gamma prior used for sigma2.0 (sigma2.0 is the shape parameter of the Inverse Gamma sampling distribution for the component-specific variances).
b	a length-one numeric vector of the rate parameter for the Gamma prior used for sigma2.0 (sigma2.0 is the rate parameter of the Inverse Gamma sampling distribution for the component-specific variances)

**Value**

An object of class HyperparametersBatch

**Examples**

```
HyperparametersBatch(k=3)
```

---

HyperparametersBatch-class

*An object to specify the hyperparameters of a batch effect model.*

---

**Description**

This class inherits from the Hyperparameters class. This class is for hyperparameters which are hierachical over the batches.

**Slots**

k Number of components  
 mu.0 Prior mean for mu.  
 tau2.0 prior variance on mu  
 eta.0 rate paramater for tau2  
 m2.0 shape parameter for tau2  
 alpha mixture probabilities  
 beta parameter for nu.0 distribution  
 a shape for sigma2.0  
 b rate for sigma2.0

---

 HyperparametersMarginal

*Create an object of class 'HyperparametersMarginal' for the marginal mixture model*

---

### Description

Create an object of class 'HyperparametersMarginal' for the marginal mixture model

### Usage

```
HyperparametersMarginal(k = 0L, mu.0 = 0, tau2.0 = 100, eta.0 = 1,
  m2.0 = 0.1, alpha, beta = 0.1, a = 1.8, b = 6)
```

### Arguments

k	length-one integer vector specifying number of components (typically $1 \leq k \leq 4$ )
mu.0	length-one numeric vector of the mean for the normal prior of the component means
tau2.0	length-one numeric vector of the variance for the normal prior of the component means
eta.0	length-one numeric vector of the shape parameter for the Inverse Gamma prior of the component variances. The shape parameter is parameterized as $1/2 * \text{eta}.0$ .
m2.0	length-one numeric vector of the rate parameter for the Inverse Gamma prior of the component variances. The rate parameter is parameterized as $1/2 * \text{eta}.0 * \text{m2}.0$ .
alpha	length-k numeric vector of the shape parameters for the dirichlet prior on the mixture probabilities
beta	length-one numeric vector for the parameter of the geometric prior for nu.0 (nu.0 is the shape parameter of the Inverse Gamma sampling distribution for the component-specific variances). beta is a probability and must be in the interval [0,1].
a	length-one numeric vector of the shape parameter for the Gamma prior used for sigma2.0 (sigma2.0 is the shape parameter of the Inverse Gamma sampling distribution for the component-specific variances)
b	a length-one numeric vector of the rate parameter for the Gamma prior used for sigma2.0 (sigma2.0 is the rate parameter of the Inverse Gamma sampling distribution for the component-specific variances)

### Value

An object of class HyperparametersMarginal

### Examples

```
HyperparametersMarginal(k=3)
```

---

HyperparametersMarginal-class

*An object to specify the hyperparameters of a marginal model.*

---

### Description

This class inherits from the Hyperparameters class. This class is for hyperparameters which are marginal over the batches.

### Slots

k Number of components  
 mu.0 Prior mean for mu.  
 tau2.0 prior variance on mu  
 eta.0 rate parameter for tau2  
 m2.0 shape parameter for tau2  
 alpha mixture probabilities  
 beta parameter for nu.0 distribution  
 a shape for sigma2.0  
 b rate for sigma2.0

---

hyperParams

*Accessor for Hyperparameters object for a MixtureModel-derived object*

---

### Description

Accessor for Hyperparameters object for a MixtureModel-derived object

Replace the hyperparameters for a MixtureModel-derived object

### Usage

```
hyperParams(object)
```

```
hyperParams(object) <- value
```

```
## S4 method for signature 'MixtureModel'  
hyperParams(object)
```

```
## S4 replacement method for signature 'MixtureModel,Hyperparameters'  
hyperParams(object) <- value
```

### Arguments

object see showMethods(hyperParams)  
 value an object of class 'Hyperparameters'

**Value**

The Hyperparameters of a MixtureModel

**Examples**

```
## Not run:
  hyperParams(MarginalModelExample)

## End(Not run)
hypp <- Hyperparameters(type="marginal",
  k=k(MarginalModelExample),
  alpha=c(9, 9, 10))
hyperParams(MarginalModelExample) <- hypp
```

---

```
iter<- Reset number of iterations.
```

---

**Description**

This function changes the number of simulations.

This function retrieves the number of iterations of an MCMC simulation.

**Usage**

```
iter(object, force = FALSE) <- value

iter(object)

## S4 method for signature 'McmcParams'
iter(object)

## S4 replacement method for signature 'McmcParams'
iter(object, force = FALSE) <- value

## S4 method for signature 'MixtureModel'
iter(object)

## S4 replacement method for signature 'MixtureModel'
iter(object, force = FALSE) <- value
```

**Arguments**

object	see showMethods(iter)
force	Allow changing of the size of the elements?
value	new number of iterations

**Value**

The number of MCMC iterations

**Examples**

```
iter(MarginalModelExample)
```

---

k	<i>Number of components.</i>
---	------------------------------

---

**Description**

This function retrieves the number of a priori components.

Updates the number of components and erases chains from a previous posteriorSimulation (if one was performed). Draws from prior to guess new starting values.

**Usage**

```
k(object)

k(object) <- value

## S4 method for signature 'DensityModel'
k(object)

## S4 replacement method for signature 'Hyperparameters'
k(object) <- value

## S4 method for signature 'MixtureModel'
k(object)

## S4 replacement method for signature 'MixtureModel'
k(object) <- value
```

**Arguments**

object	see showMethods(k)
value	An integer for the new number of components.

**Value**

The number of components

**Examples**

```
k(MarginalModelExample) <- 2
```

---

logBayesFactor	<i>Compute the log bayes factor between models.</i>
----------------	---

---

**Description**

Models of varying component sizes are compared. The log bayes factor is calculated comparing the two models with the highest marginal likelihood, as computed by `marginalLikelihood`.

**Usage**

```
logBayesFactor(x)
```

**Arguments**

x                    the result of a call to `computeMarginalLik`.

**Value**

Log Bayes factor comparing the two models with highest likelihood.

---

logPrior	<i>Calculate log likelihood of prior for model</i>
----------	--

---

**Description**

Calculate log likelihood of prior for model

**Usage**

```
logPrior(object)

## S4 method for signature 'McmcChains'
logPrior(object)

## S4 method for signature 'MixtureModel'
logPrior(object)
```

**Arguments**

object                see `showMethods(logPrior)`

**Value**

log likelihood of the prior.

**Examples**

```
logPrior(MarginalModelExample)
```

---

log_lik	<i>Retrieve log likelihood.</i>
---------	---------------------------------

---

**Description**

Retrieve log likelihood.

**Usage**

```
log_lik(object)

## S4 method for signature 'McmcChains'
log_lik(object)

## S4 method for signature 'MixtureModel'
log_lik(object)
```

**Arguments**

object            see showMethods(log\_lik)

**Value**

The log likelihood

**Examples**

```
## retrieve log likelihood at each MCMC iteration
log_lik(chains(MarginalModelExample))
## retrieve log likelihood at last MCMC iteration
log_lik(MarginalModelExample)
```

---

m2.0	<i>Retrieve the shape parameter for the tau2 distribution.</i>
------	--

---

**Description**

Retrieve the shape parameter for the tau2 distribution.

**Usage**

```
m2.0(object)

## S4 method for signature 'MixtureModel'
m2.0(object)

## S4 method for signature 'Hyperparameters'
m2.0(object)
```



**Arguments**

object            see `showMethods(m2.0)`

**Value**

m2.0 for a model

**Examples**

`m2.0(MarginalModelExample)`

---

map	<i>Calculate the maximum a posteriori estimate of latent variable assignment.</i>
-----	---

---

**Description**

Calculate the maximum a posteriori estimate of latent variable assignment.

**Usage**

`map(object)`

**Arguments**

object            an object of class `MixtureModel`.

**Value**

map estimate of latent variable assignment for each observation

**Examples**

`map(MarginalModelExample)`

---

mapCnProbability	<i>Probabilistic copy number assignments.</i>
------------------	---

---

**Description**

Calculate probabilistic copy number assignments using Bayes Rule applied at the MAP estimates of the cluster mean, variance, and class proportion parameters

**Usage**

`mapCnProbability(model)`

**Arguments**

model            An object of class `MixtureModel`.

**Value**

A matrix of size  $N \times K$  where  $N$  is number of observations and  $K$  is the number of components.

---

`marginalLikelihood`      *Compute the marginal likelihood of a converged model.*

---

**Description**

Compute the marginal likelihood of a converged model.

**Usage**

```
marginalLikelihood(model, niter)

## S4 method for signature 'MarginalModel,integer'
marginalLikelihood(model, niter)

## S4 method for signature 'SingleBatchPooledVar,integer'
marginalLikelihood(model, niter)

## S4 method for signature 'MarginalModel,ANY'
marginalLikelihood(model)

## S4 method for signature 'BatchModel,integer'
marginalLikelihood(model, niter)

## S4 method for signature 'BatchModel,ANY'
marginalLikelihood(model)

## S4 method for signature 'list,integer'
marginalLikelihood(model, niter)

## S4 method for signature 'list,ANY'
marginalLikelihood(model, niter)
```

**Arguments**

<code>model</code>	An object of class <code>MarginalModel</code> , or a list of <code>MarginalModel</code> 's. Can also be an object of <code>BatchModel</code> or a list of such models.
<code>niter</code>	The number of iterations for the reduced Gibb's sampler.

**Value**

A vector of the marginal likelihood of the model(s)

**Examples**

```
marginalLikelihood(MarginalModelExample)
```

---

MarginalModel	<i>Create an object for running marginal MCMC simulations.</i>
---------------	--

---

**Description**

Create an object for running marginal MCMC simulations.

**Usage**

```
MarginalModel(data = numeric(), k = 2, hypp, mcmc.params)
```

**Arguments**

data	the data for the simulation.
k	An integer value specifying the number of latent classes.
hypp	An object of class 'Hyperparameters' used to specify the hyperparameters of the model.
mcmc.params	An object of class 'McmcParams'

**Value**

An object of class 'MarginalModel'

**Examples**

```
model <- MarginalModel(data=rnorm(10), k=1)
```

---

MarginalModel-class	<i>The 'MarginalModel' class</i>
---------------------	----------------------------------

---

**Description**

Run marginal MCMC simulation

**Slots**

k	An integer value specifying the number of latent classes.
hyperparams	An object of class 'Hyperparameters' used to specify the hyperparameters of the model.
theta	the means of each component and batch
sigma2	the variances of each component and batch
nu.0	the shape parameter for sigma2
sigma2.0	the rate parameter for sigma2
pi	mixture probabilities which are assumed to be the same for all batches
mu	overall mean
tau2	overall variance

`data` the data for the simulation.  
`data.mean` the empirical means of the components  
`data.prec` the empirical precisions  
`z` latent variables  
`zfreq` table of latent variables  
`probz`  $n \times k$  matrix of probabilities  
`logprior` log likelihood of prior:  $\log(p(\sigma^2.0)p(\nu.0)p(\mu))$   
`loglik` log likelihood:  $\sum p_k \Phi(\theta_k, \sigma_k)$   
`mcmc.chains` an object of class 'McmcChains' to store MCMC samples  
`batch` a vector of the different batch numbers  
`batchElements` a vector labeling from which batch each observation came from  
`modes` the values of parameters from the iteration which maximizes log likelihood and log prior  
`mcmc.params` An object of class 'McmcParams'  
`.internal.constraint` Constraint on parameters. For internal use only.

---

MarginalModelExample *This data is a simulated example of Marginal data*

---

### Description

This data is a simulated example of Marginal data

### Usage

MarginalModelExample

### Value

An example of a 'MarginalModel' MarginalModelExample

### Author(s)

Jacob Carey

---

McmcChains-class	<i>An object to hold estimated parameters.</i>
------------------	--

---

**Description**

An object of this class holds estimates of each parameter at each iteration of the MCMC simulation.

**Slots**

theta means of each batch and component  
 sigma2 variances of each batch and component  
 pi mixture probabilities  
 mu overall mean in a marginal. In batch model, averaged across batches  
 tau2 overall variance in a marginal model. In a batch model, weighted average by precision across batches.  
 nu.0 shape parameter for sigma.2 distribution  
 sigma2.0 rate parameter for sigma.2 distribution  
 logprior log likelihood of prior.  
 loglik log likelihood.  
 zfreq table of z.  
 z latent variables

---

McmcParams	<i>Create an object of class 'McmcParams' to specify iterations, burnin, etc.</i>
------------	---

---

**Description**

Create an object of class 'McmcParams' to specify iterations, burnin, etc.

**Usage**

```
McmcParams(iter = 1000L, burnin = 0L, thin, nStarts = 1,
  param_updates = .param_updates())
```

**Arguments**

iter	number of iterations
burnin	number of burnin iterations
thin	thinning interval
nStarts	number of chains to run
param_updates	labeled vector specifying whether each parameter is to be updated (1) or not (0).

**Value**

An object of class 'McmcParams'

**Examples**

```
mp <- McmcParams(iter=100, burnin=10)
```

---

mcmcParams

*Retrieve MCMC parameters from model.*


---

**Description**

View number of iterations, burnin, etc.

Replace number of iterations, burnin, etc. Any update of the MCMC parameters will trigger an update of the chains. However, if iter (the number of MCMC iterations) is set to a nonpositive value, the chains will not be updated and kept as is.

**Usage**

```
mcmcParams(object)
```

```
mcmcParams(object, force = FALSE) <- value
```

```
## S4 method for signature 'MixtureModel'
mcmcParams(object)
```

```
## S4 replacement method for signature 'MixtureModel'
mcmcParams(object, force = FALSE) <- value
```

**Arguments**

object            see showMethods(mcmcParams)

force            logical value. If false (default) the update will not proceed.

value            an object of class 'McmcParams' containing the new number of iterations, etc.

**Value**

An object of class 'McmcParams'

**Examples**

```
mcmcParams(MarginalModelExample)
```

---

McmcParams-class      *An object to specify MCMC options for a later simulation*

---

**Description**

An object to specify MCMC options for a later simulation

**Slots**

`thin` A one length numeric to specify thinning. A value of `n` indicates that every `n`th sample should be saved. Thinning helps to reduce autocorrelation.

`iter` A one length numeric to specify how many MCMC iterations should be sampled.

`burnin` A one length numeric to specify burnin. The first `$n` samples will be discarded.

`nstarts` A one length numeric to specify the number of chains in a simulation.

`param_updates` Indicates whether each parameter should be updated (1) or fixed (0).

**Examples**

```
McmcParams()
McmcParams(iter=1000)
mp <- McmcParams()
iter(mp)
```

---

MixtureModel-class      *An object for running MCMC simulations.*

---

**Description**

BatchModel and MarginalModel both inherit from this class.

**Slots**

`k` An integer value specifying the number of latent classes.

`hyperparams` An object of class 'Hyperparameters' used to specify the hyperparameters of the model.

`theta` the means of each component and batch

`sigma2` the variances of each component and batch

`nu.0` the shape parameter for `sigma2`

`sigma2.0` the rate parameter for `sigma2`

`pi` mixture probabilities which are assumed to be the same for all batches

`mu` overall mean

`tau2` overall variance

`data` the data for the simulation.

`data.mean` the empirical means of the components

`data.prec` the empirical precisions

`z` latent variables  
`zfreq` table of latent variables  
`proبز`  $n \times k$  matrix of probabilities  
`logprior` log likelihood of prior:  $\log(p(\sigma^2.0)p(\nu.0)p(\mu))$   
`loglik` log likelihood:  $\sum p_k \Phi(\theta_k, \sigma_k)$   
`mcmc.chains` an object of class 'McmcChains' to store MCMC samples  
`batch` a vector of the different batch numbers  
`batchElements` a vector labeling from which batch each observation came from  
`modes` the values of parameters from the iteration which maximizes log likelihood and log prior  
`mcmc.params` An object of class 'McmcParams'  
`.internal.constraint` Constraint on parameters. For internal use only.

---

modes	<i>Retrieve the modes from a model.</i>
-------	---

---

### Description

The iteration which maximizes log likelihood and log prior is found. The estimates for each parameter at this iteration are retrieved.

For a mixture model with  $K$  components, there are  $K!$  possible modes. One can permute the ordering of the modes and assign the permuted order to a `MixtureModel` derived class by this method.

### Usage

```

modes(object)

modes(object) <- value

## S4 method for signature 'DensityModel'
modes(object)

## S4 method for signature 'MixtureModel'
modes(object)

## S4 replacement method for signature 'MixtureModel'
modes(object) <- value
  
```

### Arguments

`object` a `MixtureModel`-derived class  
`value` a list of the modes. See `mode(object)` to obtain the correct format of the list.

### Value

A list of the modes of each parameter

### Examples

```
modes(MarginalModelExample)
```



---

mu	<i>Retrieve overall mean</i>
----	------------------------------

---

**Description**

Retrieve overall mean

**Usage**

```
mu(object)

## S4 method for signature 'BatchModel'
mu(object)

## S4 method for signature 'MarginalModel'
mu(object)

## S4 method for signature 'McmcChains'
mu(object)
```

**Arguments**

object            see showMethods(mu)

**Value**

A vector containing 'mu'

**Examples**

```
mu(MarginalModelExample)
```

---

muc	<i>Retrieve overall mean at each iteration of the MCMC.</i>
-----	---

---

**Description**

Retrieve overall mean at each iteration of the MCMC.

**Usage**

```
muc(object)
```

**Arguments**

object            an object of class MarginalModel or BatchModel

**Value**

A vector of length N or matrix of size N x B, where N is the number of observations and B is the number of unique batches.

**Examples**

```
muc(MarginalModelExample)
```

---

muMean	<i>Retrieve overall mean averaged across MCMC simulations.</i>
--------	--

---

**Description**

Retrieve overall mean averaged across MCMC simulations.

**Usage**

```
muMean(object)
```

**Arguments**

object            an object of class MarginalModel or BatchModel

**Value**

A vector of size 1 or number of batches

**Examples**

```
muMean(MarginalModelExample)
```

---

names,McmcChains-method	<i>Retrieve the names of the parameters estimated in the MCMC chain.</i>
-------------------------	--

---

**Description**

Retrieve the names of the parameters estimated in the MCMC chain.

**Usage**

```
## S4 method for signature 'McmcChains'
names(x)
```

**Arguments**

x                    an object of class 'McmcChains'

**Value**

A vector of strings containing the names of each parameter

---

nStarts	<i>Number of MCMC chains.</i>
---------	-------------------------------

---

### Description

This function retrieves the number of chains used for an MCMC simulation.

This function changes the number of chains used for an MCMC simulation.

### Usage

```
nStarts(object)

nStarts(object) <- value

## S4 method for signature 'McmcParams'
nStarts(object)

## S4 replacement method for signature 'McmcParams'
nStarts(object) <- value

## S4 method for signature 'MixtureModel'
nStarts(object)

## S4 replacement method for signature 'MixtureModel'
nStarts(object) <- value
```

### Arguments

object	see showMethods(nStarts)
value	new number of chains

### Value

An integer of the number of different starts.

### Examples

```
number_of_chains <- nStarts(MarginalModelExample)
number_of_chains <- 3
nStarts(MarginalModelExample) <- number_of_chains
```

---

nu.0	<i>Retrieve the shape parameter for the sigma.2 distribution.</i>
------	---

---

### Description

Retrieve the shape parameter for the sigma.2 distribution.

**Usage**

```

nu.0(object)

## S4 method for signature 'McmcChains'
nu.0(object)

## S4 method for signature 'MixtureModel'
nu.0(object)

```

**Arguments**

object            see showMethods(nu.0)

**Value**

An integer

**Examples**

```
nu.0(MarginalModelExample)
```

---

oned

*Retrieve data.*

---

**Description**

Retrieve data.

**Usage**

```

oned(object)

## S4 method for signature 'MixtureModel'
oned(object)

```

**Arguments**

object            see showMethods(oned)

**Value**

A vector the length of the data

---

p                                      *Retrieve mixture proportions.*

---

**Description**

Retrieve mixture proportions.

**Usage**

p(object)

**Arguments**

object                      an object of class MarginalModel or BatchModel

**Value**

A vector of length the number of components

**Examples**

p(MarginalModelExample)

---

pic                                      *Retrieve mixture proportions at each iteration of the MCMC.*

---

**Description**

Retrieve mixture proportions at each iteration of the MCMC.

**Usage**

pic(object)

**Arguments**

object                      an object of class MarginalModel or BatchModel

**Value**

A matrix of size MCMC iterations x Number of components

**Examples**

pic(MarginalModelExample)

---

plot	<i>Plot the densities estimated from a mixture model for a copy number polymorphism</i>
------	---

---

### Description

Plot estimates of the posterior density for each component and the overall, marginal density. For batch models, one can additionally plot batch-specific density estimates.

### Usage

```
plot(x, y, ...)
```

```
## S4 method for signature 'DensityModel,ANY'
```

```
plot(x, y, ...)
```

```
## S4 method for signature 'MarginalModel,ANY'
```

```
plot(x, y, ...)
```

```
## S4 method for signature 'BatchModel,ANY'
```

```
plot(x, y, show.batch = TRUE, ...)
```

```
## S4 method for signature 'DensityBatchModel,ANY'
```

```
plot(x, show.batch = TRUE, ...)
```

### Arguments

x	a DensityModel-derived object, or a MixtureModel-derived object.
y	If x is a DensityModel, y is a numeric vector of the one-dimensional summaries for a given copy number polymorphism. If x is a MixtureModel, y is ignored.
...	Additional arguments passed to hist.
show.batch	a logical. If true, batch specific densities will be plotted.

### Value

A plot showing the density estimate

### Examples

```
set.seed(100)
truth <- simulateData(N=2500,
                      theta=c(-2, -0.4, 0),
                      sds=c(0.3, 0.15, 0.15),
                      p=c(0.05, 0.1, 0.8))

mcmcp <- McmcParams(iter=500, burnin=500, thin=2)
model <- MarginalModel(y(truth), k=3, mcmc.params=mcmcp)
model <- CNPBayes::startAtTrueValues(model, truth)
model <- posteriorSimulation(model)
par(mfrow=c(1,2), las=1)
plot(truth)
plot(model)
```

---

posteriorSimulation     *Run the MCMC simulation.*

---

### Description

nStarts chains are run. b burnin iterations are run and then discarded. Next, s iterations are run in each train. The user can also specify an alternative number of components. The mode of the MCMC simulation is also calculated.

### Usage

```
posteriorSimulation(object, k)

## S4 method for signature 'MixtureModel,ANY'
posteriorSimulation(object)

## S4 method for signature 'MixtureModel,integer'
posteriorSimulation(object, k)

## S4 method for signature 'MixtureModel,numeric'
posteriorSimulation(object, k)
```

### Arguments

object	see showMethods(posteriorSimulation)
k	The number of a priori components. This is optional and if not specified, the stored k model components are used. This parameters is useful for running multiple models of varying components.

### Value

An object of class 'MarginalModel' or 'BatchModel'

---

probz                     *Retrieve the probability of latent variable membership by observation.*

---

### Description

Retrieve the probability of latent variable membership by observation.

### Usage

```
probz(object)

## S4 method for signature 'MixtureModel'
probz(object)
```

### Arguments

object	see showMethods(probzs)
--------	-------------------------

**Value**

A matrix of size number of observations x number of components

**Examples**

```
prozb(MarginalModelExample)
```

---

qInverseTau2	<i>Quantiles, shape, and rate of the prior for the inverse of tau2 (the precision)</i>
--------------	--

---

**Description**

The precision prior for tau2 in the hierarchical model is given by gamma(shape, rate). The shape and rate are a function of the hyperparameters eta.0 and m2.0. Specifically, shape=1/2\*eta.0 and the rate=1/2\*eta.0\*m2.0. Quantiles for this distribution and the shape and rate can be obtained by specifying the hyperparameters eta.0 and m2.0, or alternatively by specifying the desired mean and standard deviation of the precisions.

**Usage**

```
qInverseTau2(eta.0 = 1800, m2.0 = 100, mn, sd)
```

**Arguments**

eta.0	hyperparameter for precision
m2.0	hyperparameter for precision
mn	mean of precision
sd	standard deviation of precision

**Value**

a list with elements 'quantiles', 'eta.0', 'm2.0', 'mean', and 'sd'

**Examples**

```
results <- qInverseTau2(mn=100, sd=1)
precision.quantiles <- results$quantiles
sd.quantiles <- sqrt(1/precision.quantiles)
results$mean
results$sd
results$eta.0
results$m2.0

results2 <- qInverseTau2(eta.0=1800, m2.0=100)

## Find quantiles from the default set of hyperparameters
hypp <- Hyperparameters(type="batch")
results3 <- qInverseTau2(eta.0(hypp), m2.0(hypp))
default.precision.quantiles <- results3$quantiles
```



---

saveBatch	<i>Save se data</i>
-----------	---------------------

---

**Description**

Batches drawn from the same distribution as identified by Kolmogorov-Smirnov test are combined.

**Usage**

```
saveBatch(se, batch.file, THR = 0.1)
```

**Arguments**

se	a SummarizedExperiment object
batch.file	the file name to which to save the data
THR	threshold below which the null hypothesis should be rejected and batches are collapsed.

**Value**

A vector of collapsed batch labels

---

sigma	<i>Retrieve standard deviations of each component/batch mean.</i>
-------	---

---

**Description**

Retrieve standard deviations of each component/batch mean.

**Usage**

```
sigma(object)
```

**Arguments**

object	an object of class MarginalModel or BatchModel
--------	--

**Value**

A vector of length K, or a matrix of size B x K, where K is the number of components and B is the number of batches

**Examples**

```
sigma(MarginalModelExample)
```

---

 sigma2

*Retrieve the variances of each component and batch distribution*


---

**Description**

For a `MarginalModel`, this function returns a vector of variances. For a `BatchModel`, returns a matrix of size number of batches by number of components.

**Usage**

```
sigma2(object)

## S4 method for signature 'BatchModel'
sigma2(object)

## S4 method for signature 'MarginalModel'
sigma2(object)

## S4 method for signature 'McmcChains'
sigma2(object)
```

**Arguments**

object            see `showMethods(sigma2)`

**Value**

A vector of length number of components or a matrix of size number of batches x number of components

**Examples**

```
sigma2(MarginalModelExample)
```

---

 sigma2.0

*Retrieve the rate parameter for the sigma.2 distribution.*


---

**Description**

Retrieve the rate parameter for the `sigma.2` distribution.

**Usage**

```
sigma2.0(object)

## S4 method for signature 'McmcChains'
sigma2.0(object)

## S4 method for signature 'MixtureModel'
sigma2.0(object)
```

**Arguments**

object            see showMethods(sigma2.0)

**Value**

A length 1 numeric

**Examples**

```
sigma2.0(MarginalModelExample)
```

---

sigmac	<i>Retrieve standard deviation of each component/batch mean at each iteration of the MCMC.</i>
--------	--

---

**Description**

Retrieve standard deviation of each component/batch mean at each iteration of the MCMC.

**Usage**

```
sigmac(object)
```

**Arguments**

object            an object of class MarginalModel or BatchModel

**Value**

A matrix of size  $N \times K$  where  $N$  is the number of observations and  $K$  is the number of components

**Examples**

```
sigmac(MarginalModelExample)
```

---

simulateBatchData	<i>Create simulated batch data for testing.</i>
-------------------	---

---

**Description**

Create simulated batch data for testing.

**Usage**

```
simulateBatchData(N = 2500, p, theta, sds, batch, zz)
```

**Arguments**

N	number of observations
p	a vector indicating probability of membership to each component
theta	a vector of means, one per component/batch
sds	a vector of standard deviations, one per component/batch
batch	a vector of labels indication from which batch each simulation should come from
zz	a vector indicating latent variable membership. Can be omitted.

**Value**

An object of class 'BatchModel'

**Examples**

```
k <- 3
nbatch <- 3
means <- matrix(c(-1.2, -1.0, -0.8,
                 -0.2, 0, 0.2,
                 0.8, 1, 1.2), nbatch, k, byrow=FALSE)
sds <- matrix(0.1, nbatch, k)
N <- 1500
truth <- simulateBatchData(N=N,
                           batch=rep(letters[1:3], length.out=N),
                           theta=means,
                           sds=sds,
                           p=c(1/5, 1/3, 1-1/3-1/5))
```

---

simulateData

*Create simulated data for testing.*

---

**Description**

Create simulated data for testing.

**Usage**

```
simulateData(N, p, theta, sds)
```

**Arguments**

N	number of observations
p	a vector indicating probability of membership to each component
theta	a vector of means, one per component
sds	a vector of standard deviations, one per component

**Value**

An object of class 'MarginalModel'

**Examples**

```
truth <- simulateData(N=2500, p=rep(1/3, 3),
                      theta=c(-1, 0, 1),
                      sds=rep(0.1, 3))
```

---

tau	<i>Retrieve overall standard deviation.</i>
-----	---

---

**Description**

Retrieve overall standard deviation.

**Usage**

```
tau(object)
```

**Arguments**

object            an object of class `MarginalModel` or `BatchModel`

**Value**

A vector of standard deviations

**Examples**

```
tau(MarginalModelExample)
```

---

tau2	<i>Accessor for the tau2 parameter in the hierarchical mixture model</i>
------	--

---

**Description**

The interpretation of tau2 depends on whether object is a `MarginalModel` or a `BatchModel`. For `BatchModel`, tau2 is a vector with length equal to the number of components. Each element of the tau2 vector can be interpreted as the within-component variance of the batch means (theta). For objects of class `MarginalModel` (assumes no batch effect), tau2 is a length-one vector that describes the variance of the component means between batches. The hyperparameters of tau2 are eta.0 and m2.0. See the following examples for setting the hyperparameters, accessing the current value of tau2 from a `MixtureModel`-derived object, and for plotting the chain of tau2 values.

**Usage**

```
tau2(object)

## S4 method for signature 'BatchModel'
tau2(object)

## S4 method for signature 'MarginalModel'
tau2(object)

## S4 method for signature 'McmcChains'
tau2(object)
```

**Arguments**

object            see showMethods(tau2)

**Value**

A vector of variances

**See Also**

Hyperparameters

**Examples**

```
k(BatchModelExample)
tau2(BatchModelExample)
plot.ts(tau2(chains(BatchModelExample)))
```

---

tauc

*Retrieve overall standard deviation at each iteration of the MCMC.*

---

**Description**

Retrieve overall standard deviation at each iteration of the MCMC.

**Usage**

```
tauc(object)
```

**Arguments**

object            an object of class MarginalModel or BatchModel

**Value**

A vector of length N or matrix of size N x B, where N is the number of observations and B is the number of unique batches.

**Examples**

```
tauc(MarginalModelExample)
```

---

tauMean	<i>Retrieve overall standard deviation averaged across MCMC simulations.</i>
---------	--

---

**Description**

Retrieve overall standard deviation averaged across MCMC simulations.

**Usage**

```
tauMean(object)
```

**Arguments**

object            an object of class `MarginalModel` or `BatchModel`

**Value**

A vector of size 1 or number of batches

**Examples**

```
tauMean(MarginalModelExample)
```

---

theta	<i>Accessor for the theta parameter in the hierarchical mixture model</i>
-------	---

---

**Description**

The interpretation of theta depends on whether object is a `MarginalModel` or a `BatchModel`. For `BatchModel`, theta is a matrix of size B x K, where B is the number of batches and K is the number of components. Each column of the theta matrix can be interpreted as the batch means for a particular component. For objects of class `MarginalModel` (assumes no batch effect), theta is a vector of length K. Each element of theta can be interpreted as the mean for a component. See the following examples for accessing the current value of theta from a `MixtureModel`-derived object, and for plotting the chain of theta values.

**Usage**

```
theta(object)

## S4 method for signature 'BatchModel'
theta(object)

## S4 method for signature 'MarginalModel'
theta(object)

## S4 method for signature 'McmcChains'
theta(object)
```

**Arguments**

object            see showMethods(theta)

**Value**

A vector of length number of components or a matrix of size number of batches x number of components

**Examples**

```
## MarginalModel
k(MarginalModelExample)
theta(MarginalModelExample)
plot.ts(theta(chains(MarginalModelExample)))
## BatchModel
k(BatchModelExample)
length(unique(batch(BatchModelExample)))
theta(BatchModelExample)
## Plot means for batches in one component
plot.ts(theta(chains(BatchModelExample))[, 1:3])
```

---

thin

*Number of thinning intervals.*

---

**Description**

This function retrieves the number of thinning intervals used for an MCMC simulation.

**Usage**

```
thin(object)

## S4 method for signature 'McmcParams'
thin(object)

## S4 method for signature 'MixtureModel'
thin(object)
```

**Arguments**

object            see showMethods(thin)

**Value**

An integer of the number of thinning intervals

**Examples**

```
thin(MarginalModelExample)
```



---

tracePlot	<i>Create a trace plot of a parameter estimated by MCMC.</i>
-----------	--

---

**Description**

Create a trace plot of a parameter estimated by MCMC.

**Usage**

```
tracePlot(object, name, ...)

## S4 method for signature 'BatchModel'
tracePlot(object, name, ...)
```

**Arguments**

object	see showMethods(tracePlot)
name	the name of the parameter for which to plot values. Can be 'theta', 'sigma', 'p', 'mu', or 'tau'.
...	Other argument to pass to plot.

**Value**

A traceplot of a parameter value

**Examples**

```
tracePlot(BatchModelExample, "theta")
tracePlot(BatchModelExample, "sigma")
```

---

y	<i>Retrieve data.</i>
---	-----------------------

---

**Description**

Retrieve data.

**Usage**

```
y(object)

## S4 method for signature 'DensityModel'
y(object)

## S4 method for signature 'MixtureModel'
y(object)
```

**Arguments**

object	see showMethods(y)
--------	--------------------

**Value**

A vector containing the data

**Examples**

```
y(MarginalModelExample)
```

---

<code>z</code>	<i>Retrieve latent variable assignments.</i>
----------------	--

---

**Description**

Retrieves the simulated latent variable assignments of each observation at each MCMC simulation.

**Usage**

```
z(object)

## S4 method for signature 'McmcChains'
z(object)

## S4 method for signature 'MixtureModel'
z(object)
```

**Arguments**

`object`            see `showMethods(z)`

**Value**

A vector the length of the data

**Examples**

```
z(MarginalModelExample)
```

---

<code>zFreq</code>	<i>Calculates a frequency table of latent variable assignments by observation.</i>
--------------------	--

---

**Description**

Calculates a frequency table of latent variable assignments by observation.

**Usage**

```
zFreq(object)

## S4 method for signature 'McmcChains'
zFreq(object)

## S4 method for signature 'MixtureModel'
zFreq(object)
```

**Arguments**

object            see showMethods(zfreq)

**Value**

An integer vector of length the number of components

**Examples**

```
zFreq(MarginalModelExample)
```

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