

# Package ‘coMET’

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**Type** Package

**Title** coMET: visualisation of regional epigenome-wide association scan (EWAS) results and DNA co-methylation patterns.

**Version** 0.99.10

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**Description** Visualisation of EWAS results in a genomic region. In addition to phenotype-association P-values, coMET also generates plots of co-methylation patterns and provides a series of annotation tracks. It can be used to other omic-wide association scans as long as the data can be translated to genomic level and for any species.

**Depends** R (>= 3.1.0), grid, biomaRt, Gviz (>= 1.10.9), psych

**Suggests** knitr, RUnit, BiocGenerics, BiocStyle

**Imports** colortools, hash, grDevices, gridExtra, rtracklayer, IRanges, S4Vectors, GenomicRanges, gg-bio, ggplot2, trackViewer

**License** GPL (>= 2)

**URL** <http://epigen.kcl.ac.uk/comet>

**biocViews** Software, DifferentialMethylation, Visualization, Sequencing, Genetics, FunctionalGenomics, Microarray, MethylationArray, MethylSeq, ChIPSeq, DNASEq, RIPSeq, RNASeq, ExomeSeq, DNAMethylation, GenomeWideAssociation

**VignetteBuilder** knitr

**NeedsCompilation** no

**Repository** Bioconductor

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coMET-package	<i>visualisation of regional epigenome-wide association scan (EWAS) results and DNA co-methylation patterns (and also for other omic-WAS)</i>
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## Description

coMET is an R package for visualising EWAS results in a genomic region. Along with phenotype-association plots, coMET also generates plots of co-methylation patterns and provides a series of annotation tracks. The software is designed for epigenetic data, but can also be applied to genomic and functional genomic datasets (other omic-WAS results) in any species.

## Details

Package: coMET  
 Type: Package  
 Version: 0.99.10  
 Date: 2015-04-10  
 License: GPL (>=2)

coMET is an R package that can generate regional plots of EWAS results, DNA co-methylation patterns, and genomic information. A coMET figure includes 3 panels with a plot of P-values from EWAS, customized annotation tracks, and a triangle heatmap plot which demonstrates the correlation structure of DNA methylation at the CpG sites in the genomic region. Plots are created as PDF or EPS files.

### Author(s)

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Website: <http://www.epigen.kcl.ac.uk/comet>

### References

Martin, T.C, Erte, I, Tsai, P-C, Bell, J.T., coMET: an R plotting package to visualize regional plots of epigenome-wide association scan results, QG14, 2014.

### Examples

```
extdata <- system.file("extdata", package="coMET", mustWork=TRUE)
configfile <- file.path(extdata, "config_cyp1b1_zoom_4comet.txt")
myinfofile <- file.path(extdata, "cyp1b1_infofile.txt")
myexpressfile <- file.path(extdata, "cyp1b1_infofile_exprGene_region.txt")
mycorrelation <- file.path(extdata, "cyp1b1_res37_rawMatrix.txt")

chrom <- "chr2"
start <- 38290160
end <- 38303219
gen <- "hg19"

if(interactive()){
  genetrack <- genesENSEMBL(gen, chrom, start, end, showId=TRUE)
  snptrack <- snpBiomart(chrom, start, end,
    dataset="hsapiens_snp_som", showId=FALSE)
  strutrack <- structureBiomart(chrom, start, end,
    strand, dataset="hsapiens_structvar_som")
  clinVariant <- ClinVarMainTrack(gen, chrom, start, end)
  clinCNV <- ClinVarCnvTrack(gen, chrom, start, end)
  gwastrack <- GWASTrack(gen, chrom, start, end)
  geneRtrack <- GeneReviewsTrack(gen, chrom, start, end)

  listgviz <- list(genetrack, snptrack, strutrack, clinVariant,
    clinCNV, gwastrack, geneRtrack)

  comet(config.file=configfile, mydata.file=myinfofile, mydata.type="listfile",
    cormatrix.file=mycorrelation, cormatrix.type="listfile",
    mydata.file=myexpressfile, mydata.large.type="listfile",
    tracks.gviz=listgviz,
    verbose=FALSE, print.image=FALSE, disp.pvalueplot=TRUE)
} else {
```

```

data(geneENSEMBLtrack)
data(snpBiomarttrack)
data(ISCATrack)
data(strucBiomarttrack)
data(ClinVarCnvTrack)
data(clinVarMaintrack)
data(GWASTrack)
data(GeneReviewTrack)

listgviz <- list(genetrack,snptrack,strutrack,clinVariant,
                clinCNV,gwastrack,genertrack)
comet(config.file=configfile, mydata.file=myinfofile, mydata.type="listfile",
      cormatrix.file=mycorrelation, cormatrix.type="listfile",
      mydata.large.file=myexpressfile, mydata.large.type="listfile",
      tracks.gviz=listgviz,
      verbose=FALSE, print.image=FALSE,disp.pvalueplot=TRUE)
}

```

---

chromatinHMMAll

*Creating multiple chromHMM tracks from the UCSC genome browser*


---

## Description

Create multiple chromHMM Broad tracks by connecting to the UCSC genome browser using the GViz bioconductor package

## Usage

```
chromatinHMMAll(gen, chr, start, end, mySession, track.name = "Broad ChromHMM",
                pattern = NULL, table.name = NULL)
```

## Arguments

gen	the name of the genome
chr	the chromosome of interest
start	the first position in region of interest (the smallest value)
end	the last position in region of interest (the biggest value)
mySession	the object session from the function browserSession of rtracklayer
track.name	the name of the track, for example : Broad ChromHMM
pattern	the pattern of the track to visualise
table.name	the name of the table from the track

## Value

list of AnnotationTrack objects of GViz

**Author(s)**

Tiphaine Martin

**References**<http://bioconductor.org/packages/release/bioc/html/Gviz.html>[http://genome-euro.ucsc.edu/cgi-bin/hgTrackUi?hgsid=202839739\\_2hYQ1BAOuBMAR620GjrtdrFAy6dn&c=chr6&g=wg](http://genome-euro.ucsc.edu/cgi-bin/hgTrackUi?hgsid=202839739_2hYQ1BAOuBMAR620GjrtdrFAy6dn&c=chr6&g=wg)**See Also**[chromatinHMMOne](#)**Examples**

```

library("Gviz")
gen <- "hg19"
chr <- "chr2"
start <- 38290160
end <- 38313219
if(interactive()){
  BROWSER.SESSION="UCSC"
  mySession <- browserSession(BROWSER.SESSION)
  genome(mySession) <- gen
  track.name="Broad ChromHMM"
  tabletrack<-tableNames(ucscTableQuery(mySession, track=track.name))
  table.name<-tabletrack[1]
  PATTERN.REGULATION<-"GM12878"

  chromhmmPattern<-chromatinHMMAll(gen,chr,start,end,mySession,track.name,PATTERN.REGULATION)
  plotTracks(chromhmmPattern, from = start, to =end)

  chromhmmNoPattern<-chromatinHMMAll(gen,chr,start,end,mySession,track.name)
  plotTracks(chromhmmNoPattern, from = start, to =end)
} else {

  data(chromhmmPattern)
  plotTracks(chromhmmPattern, from = start, to =end)

  data(chromhmmNoPattern)
  plotTracks(chromhmmNoPattern, from = start, to =end)
}

```

chromatinHMMOne

*Creating one chromHMM track from the UCSC genome browser***Description**

Create one track of only one type of chromHMM Broad element from the UCSC genome browser using the Gviz bioconductor package

**Usage**

```
chromatinHMMOne(gen, chr, start, end, mySession, track.name = "Broad ChromHMM",
                table.name = NULL)
```

**Arguments**

gen	the name of the genome
chr	the chromosome of interest
start	the first position in region of interest (the smallest value)
end	the last position in region of interest (the biggest value)
mySession	the object session from the function browserSession of rtracklayer
track.name	the name of the track( Broad ChromHMM )
table.name	the name of the table from the track

**Value**

An AnnotationTrack object of Gviz

**Author(s)**

Tiphaine Martin

**References**

<http://bioconductor.org/packages/release/bioc/html/Gviz.html>

[http://genome-euro.ucsc.edu/cgi-bin/hgTrackUi?hgsid=202839739\\_2hYQ1BAOuBMAR620GjrtDrFAy6dn&c=chr6&g=wg](http://genome-euro.ucsc.edu/cgi-bin/hgTrackUi?hgsid=202839739_2hYQ1BAOuBMAR620GjrtDrFAy6dn&c=chr6&g=wg)

**See Also**

[chromatinHMMAll](#)

**Examples**

```
library("Gviz")
gen <- "hg19"
chr <- "chr2"
start <- 38290160
end <- 38303219

if(interactive()) {
  BROWSER.SESSION="UCSC"
  mySession <- browserSession(BROWSER.SESSION)
  genome(mySession) <- gen
  track.name="Broad ChromHMM"
  tablestrack<-tableNames(ucscTableQuery(mySession, track=track.name))
  table.name<-tablestrack[1]
  chromhmmtrackone<-chromatinHMMOne(gen,chr,start,end,mySession,track.name,table.name)
  plotTracks(chromhmmtrackone, from = start, to =end)
```

```
  }else {  
    data(chromhmmtrackone)  
    plotTracks(chromhmmtrackone, from = start, to =end)  
  }
```

---

chrUCSC2ENSEMBL	<i>Removing "chr" to the chromosome number from UCSC to transform it to ENSEMBL chromosome format</i>
-----------------	---

---

**Description**

Removing "chr" at the beginning of the chromosome number

**Usage**

```
chrUCSC2ENSEMBL(chr)
```

**Arguments**

chr                    the chromosome number in UCSC format

**Value**

the number of chromosome at ENSEMBL format

**Author(s)**

Tiphaine Martin

**Examples**

```
chr<-"chr7"  
chrUCSC2ENSEMBL(chr)
```

---

ClinVarCnvTrack	<i>Create one track of the genomic positions of variants from the ClinVar database (CNV only)</i>
-----------------	---

---

**Description**

Create one track of the genomic positions of variants from the ClinVar database (CNV only, Variants excluded) using the Gviz bioconductor package

**Usage**

```
ClinVarCnvTrack(gen, chr, start, end, showId = FALSE)
```

**Arguments**

gen	the name of the genome
chr	the chromosome of interest
start	the first position in region of interest (the smallest value)
end	the last position in region of interest (the biggest value)
showId	Show the ID of the genetic elements

**Value**

An UcsTrack object of Gviz

**Author(s)**

Tiphaine Martin

**References**

[http://genome-euro.ucsc.edu/cgi-bin/hgTrackUi?hgsid=202839739\\_2hYQ1BAOuBMAR620GjrtdrFAy6dn&c=chr6&g=clin](http://genome-euro.ucsc.edu/cgi-bin/hgTrackUi?hgsid=202839739_2hYQ1BAOuBMAR620GjrtdrFAy6dn&c=chr6&g=clin)

<http://bioconductor.org/packages/release/bioc/html/Gviz.html>

**See Also**

[snpLocationsUCSC](#), [structureBiomart](#), [snpBiomart](#), [CoreillCNVTrack](#), [COSMICTrack](#), [ClinVarMainTrack](#)

**Examples**

```
library("Gviz")
chrom <- "chr2"
start <- 38290160
end <- 38303219
gen <- "hg19"
if(interactive()){
  clinCNV<-ClinVarCnvTrack(gen,chrom,start,end)
  plotTracks(clinCNV, from = start, to =end)
}else {
  data(ClinVarCnvTrack)
  plotTracks(clinCNV, from = start, to =end)
}
```



---

ClinVarMainTrack	<i>Create one track of the genomic positions of variants from the ClinVar database (variants only)</i>
------------------	--

---

**Description**

Create one track of the genomic positions of variants from the ClinVar database (Variants only, CNV excluded) using the Gviz bioconductor package

**Usage**

```
ClinVarMainTrack(gen, chr, start, end, showId=FALSE)
```

**Arguments**

gen	the name of the genome
chr	the chromosome of interest
start	the first position in region of interest (the smallest value)
end	the last position in region of interest (the biggest value)
showId	Show the ID of the genetic elements

**Value**

An Ucsctrack object of Gviz

**Author(s)**

Tiphaine Martin

**References**

[http://genome-euro.ucsc.edu/cgi-bin/hgTrackUi?hgsid=202839739\\_2hYQ1BAOuBMAR620GjrtDrFAy6dn&c=chr6&g=clin](http://genome-euro.ucsc.edu/cgi-bin/hgTrackUi?hgsid=202839739_2hYQ1BAOuBMAR620GjrtDrFAy6dn&c=chr6&g=clin)  
<http://bioconductor.org/packages/release/bioc/html/Gviz.html>

**See Also**

[snpLocationsUCSC](#), [structureBiomart](#), [snpBiomart](#), [CoreillCNVTrack](#), [COSMICTrack](#), [ClinVarCnvTrack](#),

**Examples**

```
library("Gviz")
gen <- "hg19"
chrom <- "chr2"
start <- 38290160
end <- 38303219

if(interactive()) {
```

```

    clinVariant<-ClinVarMainTrack(gen,chrom,start,end)
    plotTracks(clinVariant, from = start, to =end)
}else{
    data(clinVarMaintrack)
    plotTracks(clinVariant, from = start, to =end)
}

```

---

comet

---

*Visualize EWAS results in a genomic region of interest*


---

## Description

coMET is an R-based package to visualize EWAS (epigenome-wide association scans) results in a genomic region of interest. The main feature of coMET is to plot the the significance level of EWAS results in the selected region, along with correlation in DNA methylation values between CpG sites in the region. The coMET package generates plots of phenotype-association, co-methylation patterns, and a series of annotation tracks.

## Usage

```

comet(mydata.file = NULL, mydata.format = "site", mydata.type = "file",
      mydata.large.file = NULL, mydata.large.format = "site",
      mydata.large.type = "listfile", cormatrix.file = NULL,
      cormatrix.method = "spearman", cormatrix.format = "raw",
      cormatrix.color.scheme = "bluwhitered", cormatrix.conf.level=0.05,
      cormatrix.sig.level= 1, cormatrix.adjust="none",
      cormatrix.type = "listfile", mydata.ref = NULL,
      start = NULL, end = NULL, zoom = FALSE, lab.Y = "log", pval.threshold = 1e-05,
      disp.pval.threshold = 1, disp.association = FALSE, disp.association.large = FALSE,
      disp.region = FALSE, disp.region.large = FALSE, symbols = "circle-fill",
      symbols.large = NA, sample.labels = NULL, sample.labels.large = NULL,
      use.colors = TRUE , disp.color.ref = TRUE, color.list = NULL, color.list.large = NULL,
      disp.mydata = TRUE, biofeat.user.file = NULL, biofeat.user.type = NULL,
      biofeat.user.type.plot = NULL, genome = "hg19", dataset.gene = "hsapiens_gene_ensembl",
      tracks.gviz = NULL, tracks.ggbio = NULL, tracks.trackviewer = NULL,
      disp.mydata.names = TRUE, disp.color.bar = TRUE, disp.phys.dist = TRUE,
      disp.legend = TRUE, disp.marker.lines = TRUE, disp.cormatrixmap = TRUE,
      disp.pvalueplot =TRUE, disp.type = "symbol", disp.mult.lab.X = FALSE,
      disp.connecting.lines = TRUE, palette.file = NULL, image.title = NULL,
      image.name = "coMET", image.type = NULL, image.size = 3.5, font.factor = NULL,
      symbol.factor = NULL, print.image = TRUE, connecting.lines.factor = 1.5,
      connecting.lines.adj = 0.01, connecting.lines.vert.adj = -1,
      connecting.lines.flex = 0, config.file = NULL, verbose = FALSE)

```

**Arguments**

<code>mydata.file</code>	Name of the info file describing the coMET parameters
<code>mydata.format</code>	Format of the input data in <code>mydata.file</code> . There are 4 different options: <code>site</code> , <code>region</code> , <code>site_asso</code> , <code>region_asso</code> .
<code>mydata.type</code>	Format of <code>mydata.file</code> . There are 2 different options: <code>FILE</code> or <code>MATRIX</code> .
<code>mydata.large.file</code>	Name of additional info files describing the coMET parameters. File names should be comma-separated. It is optional, but if you add some, they need to be file(s) in tabular format with a header. Additional info file can be a list of CpG sites with/without Beta value (DNA methylation level) or direction sign. If it is a site file then it is mandatory to have the 4 columns as shown below with headers in the same order. Beta can be the 5th column(optional) and it can be either a numeric value (positive or negative values) or only direction sign ("+", "-"). The number of columns and their types are defined but the option <code>mydata.large.format</code> .
<code>mydata.large.format</code>	Format of additional data to be visualised in the p-value plot. Format should be comma-separated. There are 4 different options for each file: <code>site</code> , <code>region</code> , <code>site_asso</code> , <code>region_asso</code> .
<code>mydata.large.type</code>	Format of <code>mydata.large.file</code> . There are 2 different options: <code>listfile</code> or <code>listdataframe</code> .
<code>cormatrix.file</code>	Name of the raw data file or the pre-computed correlation matrix file. It is mandatory and has to be a file in tabular format with an header.
<code>cormatrix.method</code>	Options for calculating the correlation matrix: <code>spearman</code> , <code>pearson</code> and <code>kendall</code>
<code>cormatrix.format</code>	Format of the input <code>cormatrix.file</code> . There are two options: <code>raw file</code> (raw if CpG sites are by column and samples by row or <code>raw_rev</code> if CpG site are by row and samples by column) and <code>pre-computed correlation matrix</code> ( <code>cormatrix</code> )
<code>cormatrix.color.scheme</code>	Color scheme options: <code>heat</code> , <code>bluewhitered</code> , <code>cm</code> , <code>topo</code> , <code>gray</code> , <code>bluetored</code>
<code>cormatrix.conf.level</code>	Alpha level for the confidence interval. Default value= 0.05. CI will be the $\alpha/2$ lower and upper values.
<code>cormatrix.sig.level</code>	Significant level to visualise the correlation. If the correlation has a pvalue under the significant level, the correlation will be colored in "goshwhite", else the color is related to the correlation level and the color scheme choosen.Default value =1.
<code>cormatrix.adjust</code>	indicates which adjustment for multiple tests should be used. "holm", "hochberg", "hommel", "bonferroni", "BH", "BY", "fdr", "none".Default value="none"
<code>cormatrix.type</code>	Format of <code>cormatrix.file</code> . There are 2 different options: <code>listfile</code> or <code>listdataframe</code> .
<code>mydata.ref</code>	The name of the referenceomic feature (e.g. CpG-site) listed in <code>mydata.file</code>
<code>start</code>	The first nucleotide position to be visualised. It could be bigger or smaller than the first position of our list of omic features.

end	the last nucleotide position to be visualised. It has to be bigger than the value in the option start, but it could be smaller or bigger than the last position of our list of omic features.
zoom	Default=False
lab.Y	Scale of the y-axis. Options: log or ln
pval.threshold	Significance threshold to be displayed as a red dashed line
disp.pval.threshold	Display only the findings that pass the value put in disp.pval.threshold
disp.association	This logical option works only if mydata.file contains the effect direction (mydata.format=site_asso or region_asso). The value can be TRUE or FALSE: if FALSE (default), for each point of data in the p-value plot, the color of symbol is the color of co-methylation pattern between the point and the reference site; if TRUE, the effect direction is shown. If the association is positive, the color is the one defined with the option color.list. On the other hand, if the association is negative, the color is the opposed color.
disp.association.large	This logical option works only if mydata.large.file contains the effect direction (mydata.large.format=site_asso or region_asso). The value can be TRUE or FALSE: if FALSE (default), for each point of data in the p-value plot, the color of symbol is the color of co-methylation pattern between the point and the reference site; if TRUE, the effect direction is shown. If the association is positive, the color is the one defined with the option color.list.large. On the other hand, if the association is negative, the color is the opposed color.
disp.region	This logical option works only if mydata.file contains regions (mydata.format=region or region_asso). The value can be TRUE or FALSE (default). If TRUE, the genomic element will be shown by a continuous line with the color of the element, in addition to the symbol at the center of the region. If FALSE, only the symbol is shown.
disp.region.large	This logical option works only if mydata.large.file contains regions (mydata.large.format=region or region_asso). The value can be TRUE or FALSE (default). If TRUE, the genomic element will be shown by a continuous line with the color of the element, in addition to the symbol at the center of the region. If FALSE, only the symbol is shown.
symbols	The symbol shown in the p-value plot. Options: circle, square, diamond, triangle. symbols can be filled by appending -fill, e.g. square-fill. Example: circle,diamond-fill,triangle
symbols.large	The symbol to visualise the data defined in mydata.large.file. Options: circle, square, diamond, triangle; symbols can either be filled or not filled by appending -fill e.s., square-fill. Example: circle,diamond-fill,triangle
sample.labels	Labels for the sample described in mydata.file to include in the legend
sample.labels.large	Labels for the sample described in mydata.large.file to include in the legend
use.colors	Use the colors defined or use the grey color scheme

<code>disp.color.ref</code>	Logical option TRUE or FALSE (TRUE default). if TRUE, the connection line related to the reference probe is in purple, if FALSE if the connection line related to the reference probe stay black.
<code>color.list</code>	List of colors for displaying the P-value symbols related to the data in my-data.file
<code>color.list.large</code>	List of colors for displaying the P-value symbols related to the data in my-data.large.file
<code>disp.mydata</code>	logical option TRUE or FALSE. TRUE (default). If TRUE, the P-value plot is shown; if FALSE the plot will be defined by GViz
<code>biofeat.user.file</code>	Name of data file to visualise in the tracks. File names should be comma-separated.
<code>biofeat.user.type</code>	Track type, where multiple tracks can be shown (comma-separated): DataTrack, AnnotationTrack, GeneregionTrack.
<code>biofeat.user.type.plot</code>	Format of the plot if the data are shown with the Gviz's function called DataTrack (comma-separated)
<code>genome</code>	The human genome reference file. e.g. "hg19" for Human genome 19 (NCBI 37), "grch37" (GRCh37),"grch38" (GRCh38)
<code>dataset.gene</code>	The gene names from ENSEMBL. e.g. hsapiens_gene
<code>tracks.gviz</code>	list of tracks created by Gviz.
<code>tracks.ggbio</code>	list of tracks created by ggbio.
<code>tracks.trackviewer</code>	list of tracks created by track viewer.
<code>disp.mydata.names</code>	logical option TRUE or FALSE. If True (default), the names of the CpG sites are displayed.
<code>disp.color.bar</code>	Color legend for the correlation matrix (range -1 to 1). Default: blue-white-red
<code>disp.phys.dist</code>	logical option (TRUE or FALSE). TRUE (default).Display the bp distance on the plots
<code>disp.legend</code>	logical option TRUE or FALSE. TRUE (default) Display the sample labels and corresponding symbols on the lower right side
<code>disp.marker.lines</code>	logical option TRUE or FALSE. TRUE (default), if FALSE the red line for pval.threshold is not shown
<code>disp.cormatrixmap</code>	logical option TRUE or FALSE. TRUE (default), if FALSE correlation matrix is not shown
<code>disp.pvalueplot</code>	logical option (TRUE or FALSE). TRUE (default), if FALSE the pvalue plot is not shown
<code>disp.type</code>	Default: symbol

<code>disp.mult.lab.X</code>	logical option TRUE or FALSE. FALSE (default). Display evenly spaced X-axis labels; up to 5 labels are shown.
<code>disp.connecting.lines</code>	logical option TRUE or FALSE. TRUE (default) displays connecting lines between p-value plot and correlation matrix
<code>palette.file</code>	File that contains color scheme for the heatmap. Colors are hexadecimal HTML color codes; one color per line; if you do not want to use this option, use the color defined by the option <code>cormatrix.color.scheme</code>
<code>image.title</code>	Title of the plot
<code>image.name</code>	The path and the name of the plot file without extension. The extension will be added by coMET depending on the option <code>image.type</code> .
<code>image.type</code>	Options: pdf or eps
<code>image.size</code>	Default: 3.5 inches. Possible sizes : 3.5 or 7
<code>font.factor</code>	Font size of the sample labels. Range: 0-1
<code>symbol.factor</code>	Size of the symbols. Range: 0-1
<code>print.image</code>	Print image in file or not.
<code>connecting.lines.factor</code>	Length of the connecting lines. Range: 0-2
<code>connecting.lines.adj</code>	Position of the connecting lines horizontally. Negative values shift the connecting lines to the left and positive values shift the lines to the right. Range: (-1;1) option -1 means no connecting lines.
<code>connecting.lines.vert.adj</code>	Position of the connecting lines vertically. Can be used to vertically adjust the position of the connecting lines in relation to the CpG-site names. Negative value shift the connecting lines down. Range: (-0.5 - 0), option -1 mean the default value related to the plot size (-0.5 for 3.5 plot size; -0.7 for 7.5 plot size)
<code>connecting.lines.flex</code>	Adjusts the spread of the connecting lines. Range: 0-2
<code>config.file</code>	Configuration file contains the values of these options instead of defining these by command line. It is a file where each line is one option. The name of option and its value are separated by "=". If there are multiple values such as for the option <code>list.tracks</code> or the options for additional data, you need to separated them by a "comma" and not extra space. (i.e. <code>list.tracks=geneENSEMBL,CGI,ChromHMM,DNAse,RegENSEMBL</code> )
<code>verbose</code>	logical option TRUE or FALSE. TRUE (default). If TRUE, shows comments.

### Details

The function is limited to visualize 120 omic features.

### Value

Create a plot in pdf or eps format depending to some options

**Author(s)**

Tiphaine Martin

**References**<http://epigen.kcl.ac.uk/comet/>**See Also**[comet.web](#), [comet.list](#)**Examples**

```

extdata <- system.file("extdata", package="coMET", mustWork=TRUE)
configfile <- file.path(extdata, "config_cyp1b1_zoom_4comet.txt")
myinfofile <- file.path(extdata, "cyp1b1_infofile.txt")
myexpressfile <- file.path(extdata, "cyp1b1_infofile_exprGene_region.txt")
mycorrelation <- file.path(extdata, "cyp1b1_res37_rawMatrix.txt")

chrom <- "chr2"
start <- 38290160
end <- 38303219
gen <- "hg19"

if(interactive()){
  cat("interactive")
  genetrack <- genesENSEMBL(gen, chrom, start, end, showId=TRUE)
  snptrack <- snpBiomart(chrom, start, end,
    dataset="hsapiens_snp_som", showId=FALSE)
  strutrack <- structureBiomart(chrom, start, end,
    strand, dataset="hsapiens_structvar_som")
  clinVariant <- ClinVarMainTrack(gen, chrom, start, end)
  clinCNV <- ClinVarCnvTrack(gen, chrom, start, end)
  gwastrack <- GWASTrack(gen, chrom, start, end)
  geneRtrack <- GeneReviewsTrack(gen, chrom, start, end)
  listgviz <- list(genetrack, snptrack, strutrack, clinVariant,
    clinCNV, gwastrack, geneRtrack)
  comet(config.file=configfile, mydata.file=myinfofile, mydata.type="file",
    cormatrix.file=mycorrelation, cormatrix.type="listfile",
    mydata.large.file=myexpressfile, mydata.large.type="listfile",
    tracks.gviz=listgviz, verbose=FALSE, print.image=FALSE, disp.pvalueplot=FALSE)
} else {
  cat("Non interactive")
  data(geneENSEMBLtrack)
  data(snpBiomarttrack)
  data(ISCATrack)
  data(strucBiomarttrack)
  data(ClinVarCnvTrack)
  data(clinVarMaintrack)
  data(GWASTrack)
  data(GeneReviewTrack)
  listgviz <- list(genetrack, snptrack, strutrack, clinVariant,

```

```

        clinCNV,gwastrack,geneRtrack)
comet(config.file=configfile, mydata.file=myinfofile, mydata.type="file",
      cormatrix.file=mycorrelation, cormatrix.type="listfile",
      mydata.large.file=myexpressfile, mydata.large.type="listfile",
      tracks.gviz=listgviz, verbose=FALSE, print.image=FALSE,disp.pvalueplot=FALSE)
}

```

---

comet.list

*List the correlations between omic features*


---

## Description

coMET is an R-based package to visualize EWAS (epigenome-wide association scans) results in a genomic region of interest. The main feature of coMET is to plot the the significance level of EWAS results in the selected region, along with correlation in DNA methylation values between CpG sites in the region. The coMET package generates plots of phenotype-association, co-methylation patterns, and a series of annotation tracks. In addition, the function comet.list gives the list of correlations between omic features

## Usage

```

comet.list(cormatrix.file = NULL, cormatrix.method = "spearman", cormatrix.format = "raw",
          cormatrix.conf.level=0.05, cormatrix.sig.level= 1, cormatrix.adjust="none",
          cormatrix.type = "listdataframe", cormatrix.output="cormatrix_list",
          config.file = NULL, verbose = FALSE)

```

## Arguments

`cormatrix.file` Name of the raw data file or the pre-computed correlation matrix file. It is mandatory and has to be a file in tabular format with an header.

`cormatrix.method`  
Options for calculating the correlation matrix: spearman, pearson and kendall.  
Default value= spearman

`cormatrix.format`  
Format of the input cormatrix.file. TThere are two options: raw file (raw if CpG sites are by column and samples by row or raw\_rev if CpG site are by row and samples by column) and pre-computed correlation matrix (cormatrix)

`cormatrix.conf.level`  
Alpha level for the confidence interval. Default value= 0.05. CI will be the alpha/2 lower and upper values.

`cormatrix.sig.level`  
Significant level to visualise the correlation. If the correlation has a pvalue below the significant level, the correlation will be colored in "goshwhite", else the color is related to the correlation level and the color scheme choosen.Default value =1.



<code>cormatrix.adjust</code>	indicates which adjustment for multiple tests should be used. "holm", "hochberg", "hommel", "bonferroni", "BH", "BY", "fdr", "none".Default value="none"
<code>cormatrix.type</code>	Format of <code>cormatrix.file</code> . There are 2 different options: listfile or listdataframe.
<code>cormatrix.output</code>	The path and the name of the output file without the extension
<code>config.file</code>	Configuration file contains the values of these options instead of defining these by command line. It is a file where each line is one option. The name of option and its value are separated by "=".
<code>verbose</code>	logical option TRUE or FALSE. TRUE (default). If TRUE, shows comments.

### Value

Create a list of correlation between omic features

### Author(s)

Tiphaine Martin

### References

<http://epigen.kcl.ac.uk/comet/>

### See Also

[comet.web,comet](#)

### Examples

```
extdata <- system.file("extdata", package="coMET",mustWork=TRUE)
mycorrelation <- file.path(extdata, "cyp1b1_res37_rawMatrix.txt")
myoutput <- file.path(extdata, "cyp1b1_res37_cormatrix_list_BH05.txt")
```

```
comet.list(cormatrix.file=mycorrelation,cormatrix.method = "spearman",
           cormatrix.format= "raw", cormatrix.conf.level=0.05,
           cormatrix.sig.level= 0.05, cormatrix.adjust="BH",
           cormatrix.type = "listfile", cormatrix.output=myoutput,
           verbose=FALSE)
```

comet.web

*Visualize EWAS results in a genomic region of interest with predefined annotation tracks*

## Description

coMET is an R-based package to visualize EWAS (epigenome-wide association scans) results in a genomic region of interest. The main feature of coMET is to plot the the significance level of EWAS results in the selected region, along with correlation in DNA methylation values between CpG sites in the region. The coMET package generates plots of phenotype-association, co-methylation patterns, and a series of annotation tracks.

## Usage

```
comet.web(mydata.file = NULL, mydata.format = c("site", "region", "site_asso", "region_asso"),
  mydata.large.file = NULL,
  mydata.large.format = c("site", "region", "site_asso", "region_asso"),
  cormatrix.file = NULL, cormatrix.method = c("spearman", "pearson", "kendall"),
  cormatrix.format = c("cormatrix", "raw", "raw_rev"),
  cormatrix.color.scheme = "heat", cormatrix.conf.level=0.05,
  cormatrix.sig.level= 1, cormatrix.adjust="none",mydata.ref = NULL,
  genome="hg19", start = NULL, end = NULL, zoom = FALSE, lab.Y = "log",
  pval.threshold = 1e-07, disp.pval.threshold = 1,
  disp.association= FALSE, disp.association.large = FALSE,
  disp.region = FALSE, disp.region.large = FALSE, symbols = "circle-fill",
  symbols.large = NA, sample.labels = NULL, sample.labels.large = NULL,
  use.colors = TRUE, disp.color.ref = TRUE, color.list = NULL,
  color.list.large = NULL, biofeat.user.file = NULL,
  biofeat.user.type = c("GeneRegion", "Annotation", "Data"),
  biofeat.user.type.plot = NULL,
  list.tracks = "geneENSEMBL,CGI,ChromHMM,DNAse,RegENSEMBL,SNP",
  pattern.regulation = "GM12878",
  image.title = NULL, image.name = "coMET", image.type = c("pdf", "eps"),
  image.size = 3.5, print.image = FALSE, config.file = NULL, verbose = FALSE)
```

## Arguments

.

Name of the info file describing the coMET parameters. It is mandatory and has to be a file in tabular format with a header. Info file can be a list of CpG sites with/without Beta value (DNA methylation level) or direction sign. If it is a site file then it is mandatory to have the 4 columns as shown below with headers in the same order. Beta can be the 5th column(optional) and it can be either a numeric value (positive or negative values) or only direction sign ("+", "-"). The number of columns and their types are defined but the option mydata.format.

**mydata.format** Format of the input data in mydata.file. There are 4 different options: site, region, site\_asso, region\_asso.

<code>mydata.large.file</code>	Name of additional info files describing the coMET parameters. File names should be comma-separated. It is optional, but if you add some, they need to be file(s) in tabular format with a header. Additional info file can be a list of CpG sites with/without Beta value (DNA methylation level) or direction sign. If it is a site file then it is mandatory to have the 4 columns as shown below with headers in the same order. Beta can be the 5th column(optional) and it can be either a numeric value (positive or negative values) or only direction sign ("+", "-"). The number of columns and their types are defined but the option <code>mydata.large.format</code> .
<code>mydata.large.format</code>	Format of additional data to be visualised in the p-value plot. Format should be comma-separated. There are 4 different options for each file: <code>site</code> , <code>region</code> , <code>site_asso</code> , <code>region_asso</code> .
<code>cormatrix.file</code>	Name of the raw data file or the pre-computed correlation matrix file. It is mandatory and has to be a file in tabular format with an header.
<code>cormatrix.method</code>	A character string indicating which correlation coefficient is to be used for the test. One of "pearson", "kendall", or "spearman", can be abbreviated.
<code>cormatrix.format</code>	A character string indicating which format of the input <code>cormatrix.file</code> is to be used. There are three options: raw file (raw if CpG sites are by column and samples by row or <code>row_rev</code> if CpG site are by row and samples by column) and pre-computed correlation matrix ( <code>cormatrix</code> )
<code>cormatrix.color.scheme</code>	A character string indicating which Color scheme options is to be used: <code>heat</code> , <code>bluewhitered</code> , <code>cm</code> , <code>topo</code> , <code>gray</code> , <code>bluetored</code>
<code>cormatrix.conf.level</code>	Alpha level for the confidence interval. Default value= 0.05. CI will be the $\alpha/2$ lower and upper values.
<code>cormatrix.sig.level</code>	Significant level to visualise the correlation. If the correlation has a pvalue under the significant level, the correlation will be colored in "goshwhite", else the color is related to the correlation level and the color scheme choosen. Default value =1.
<code>cormatrix.adjust</code>	indicates which adjustment for multiple tests should be used. "holm", "hochberg", "hommel", "bonferroni", "BH", "BY", "fdr", "none". Default value="none"
<code>mydata.ref</code>	The name of the reference omic feature (e.g. CpG-site) listed in <code>mydata.file</code>
<code>genome</code>	The human genome reference file. e.g. "hg19" for Human genome 19 (NCBI 37), "grch37" (GRCh37), "grch38" (GRCh38)
<code>start</code>	The first nucleotide position to be visualised. It could be bigger or smaller than the first position of our list of omic features.
<code>end</code>	the last nucleotide position to be visualised. It has to be bigger than the value in the option <code>start</code> , but it could be smaller or bigger than the last position of our list of omic features.
<code>zoom</code>	logical option TRUE or FALSE. FALSE (default)

lab.Y	Scale of the y-axis. Options: log or ln
pval.threshold	Significance threshold to be displayed as a red dashed line
disp.pval.threshold	Display only the findings that pass the value put in disp.pval.threshold
disp.association	This logical option works only if mydata.file contains the effect direction (mydata.format=site_asso or region_asso). The value can be TRUE or FALSE: if FALSE (default), for each point of data in the p-value plot, the color of symbol is the color of co-methylation pattern between the point and the reference site; if TRUE, the effect direction is shown. If the association is positive, the color is the one defined with the option color.list. On the other hand, if the association is negative, the color is the opposed color.
disp.association.large	This logical option works only if mydata.large.file contains the effect direction (MYDATA.large.FORMA=site_asso or region_asso). The value can be TRUE or FALSE: if FALSE (default), for each point of data in the p-value plot, the color of symbol is the color of co-methylation pattern between the point and the reference site; if TRUE, the effect direction is shown. If the association is positive, the color is the one defined with the option color.list.large. On the other hand, if the association is negative, the color is the opposed color.
disp.region	This logical option works only if mydata.file contains regions (mydata.format=region or region_asso). The value can be TRUE or FALSE (default). If TRUE, the genomic element will be shown by a continuous line with the color of the element, in addition to the symbol at the center of the region. If FALSE, only the symbol is shown.
disp.region.large	This logical option works only if mydata.large.file contains regions (mydata.large.format=region or region_asso). The value can be TRUE or FALSE (default). If TRUE, the genomic element will be shown by a continuous line with the color of the element, in addition to the symbol at the center of the region. If FALSE, only the symbol is shown.
symbols	The symbol shown in the p-value plot. Options: circle, square, diamond, triangle. symbols can be filled by appending -fill, e.g. square-fill. Example: circle,diamond-fill,triangle
symbols.large	The symbol to visualise the data defined in mydata.large.file. Options: circle, square, diamond, triangle; symbols can either be filled or not filled by appending -fill e.s., square-fill. Example: circle,diamond-fill,triangle
sample.labels	Labels for the sample described in mydata.file to include in the legend
sample.labels.large	Labels for the sample described in mydata.large.file to include in the legend
use.colors	Use the colors defined or use the grey color scheme
disp.color.ref	Logical option TRUE or FALSE (TRUE default). if TRUE, the connection line related to the reference probe is in purple, if FALSE if the connection line related to the reference probe stay black.
color.list	List of colors for displaying the P-value symbols related to the data in mydata.file

<code>color.list.large</code>	List of colors for displaying the P-value symbols related to the data in <code>my-data.large.file</code>
<code>biofeat.user.file</code>	Name of data file to visualise in the tracks. File names should be comma-separated.
<code>biofeat.user.type</code>	Track type, where multiple tracks can be shown (comma-separated): <code>DataTrack</code> , <code>AnnotationTrack</code> , <code>GeneRegionTrack</code> .
<code>biofeat.user.type.plot</code>	Format of the plot if the data are shown with the Gviz's function called <code>DataTrack</code> (comma-separated)
<code>list.tracks</code>	List of annotation tracks to visualise. Options include <code>geneENSEMBL</code> , <code>CGI</code> , <code>ChromHMM</code> , <code>DNase</code> , <code>RegENSEMBL</code> , <code>SNP</code> , <code>transcriptENSEMBL</code> , <code>SNPstoma</code> , <code>SNPstru</code> , <code>SNPstrustoma</code> , <code>ISCA</code> , <code>COSMIC</code> , <code>GAD</code> , <code>ClinVar</code> , <code>GeneReviews</code> , <code>GWAS</code> , <code>ClinVarCNV</code> , <code>GCcontent</code> , <code>genesUCSC</code> , <code>xenogenesUCSC</code> .
<code>pattern.regulation</code>	The cell/tissue or the list of cells/tissues to visualise in the regulation region defined by Broad ChromHMM
<code>image.title</code>	Title of the plot
<code>image.name</code>	The path and the name of the plot file without extension. The extension will be added by coMET depending on the option <code>image.type</code> .
<code>image.type</code>	Options: <code>pdf</code> or <code>eps</code>
<code>image.size</code>	Default: 3.5 inches. Possible sizes : 3.5 or 7
<code>print.image</code>	Print image in file or not.
<code>config.file</code>	Configuration file contains the values of these options instead of defining these by command line. It is a file where each line is one option. The name of option and its value are separated by <code>"="</code> . If there are multiple values such as for the option <code>list.tracks</code> or the options for additional data, you need to separate them by a <code>"comma"</code> and not extra space. (i.e. <code>list.tracks=geneENSEMBL,CGI,ChromHMM,DNase,RegENSEMBL</code> )
<code>verbose</code>	logical option <code>TRUE</code> or <code>FALSE</code> . <code>TRUE</code> (default). If <code>TRUE</code> , shows comments.

**Details**

The function is limited to visualize 120 omic features.

**Value**

Create a plot in `pdf` or `eps` format depending to some options

**Author(s)**

Tiphaine Martin

**References**

<http://epigen.kcl.ac.uk/comet/>

**See Also**

[comet.comet.list](#)

**Examples**

```
extdata <- system.file("extdata", package="coMET", mustWork=TRUE)
configfile <- file.path(extdata, "config_cyp1b1_zoom_4webserver.txt")
myinfofile <- file.path(extdata, "cyp1b1_infofile.txt")
myexpressfile <- file.path(extdata, "cyp1b1_infofile_exprGene_region.txt")
mycorrelation <- file.path(extdata, "cyp1b1_res37_rawMatrix.txt")

comet.web(config.file=configfile, mydata.file=myinfofile, cormatrix.file=mycorrelation,
  mydata.large.file=myexpressfile, print.image=FALSE, verbose=FALSE)
```

---

CoreillCNVTrack	<i>Create one track of the genomic positions of CNV in chromosomal aberration and inherited disorders from the NIGMS Human Genetic Cell Repository data</i>
-----------------	---

---

**Description**

Create one track of the genomic positions of copy-number variants (CNVs) in chromosomal aberration and inherited disorder cell lines from the NIGMS Human Genetic Cell Repository using the Gviz bioconductor package.

**Usage**

```
CoreillCNVTrack(gen, chr, start, end, showId=FALSE)
```

**Arguments**

gen	the name of the genome
chr	the chromosome of interest
start	the first position in the region of interest (the smallest value)
end	the last position in the region of interest (the largest value)
showId	Show the ID of the genetic elements

**Value**

An Ucsctrack object of Gviz

**Author(s)**

Tiphaine Martin

## References

<http://bioconductor.org/packages/release/bioc/html/Gviz.html>

[http://genome-euro.ucsc.edu/cgi-bin/hgTrackUi?hgsid=202839739\\_2hYQ1BAOuBMAR620GjrtdrFAy6dn&c=chr6&g=cor](http://genome-euro.ucsc.edu/cgi-bin/hgTrackUi?hgsid=202839739_2hYQ1BAOuBMAR620GjrtdrFAy6dn&c=chr6&g=cor)

## See Also

[snpLocationsUCSC](#), [structureBiomart](#), [snpBiomart](#), [CoreillCNVTrack](#), [ClinVarMainTrack](#), [ClinVarCnvTrack](#),

## Examples

```
library("Gviz")
gen <- "hg19"
chrom <- "chr2"
start <- 38290160
end <- 38303219

if(interactive()){
  coreilVariant<-CoreillCNVTrack(gen,chrom,start,end)
  plotTracks(coreilVariant, from = start, to =end)
} else {
  data(coreilVarianttrack)
  plotTracks(coreilVariant, from = start, to =end)
}
```

---

COSMICTrack

*Create one track of the genomic positions of variants from COSMIC*

---

## Description

Create one track of the genomic positions of variants from COSMIC, the "Catalogue Of Somatic Mutations In Cancer" using the Gviz bioconductor package

## Usage

```
COSMICTrack(gen, chr, start, end, showId=FALSE)
```

## Arguments

gen	the name of the genome
chr	the chromosome of interest
start	the first position in the region of interest (the smallest value)
end	the last position in the region of interest (the largest value)
showId	Show the ID of the genetic elements

**Value**

An UcsTrack object of Gviz

**Author(s)**

Tiphaine Martin

**References**

<http://bioconductor.org/packages/release/bioc/html/Gviz.html>

[http://genome-euro.ucsc.edu/cgi-bin/hgTrackUi?hgsid=202839739\\_2hYQ1BAOuBMAR620GjrtdrFAy6dn&c=chr6&g=cos](http://genome-euro.ucsc.edu/cgi-bin/hgTrackUi?hgsid=202839739_2hYQ1BAOuBMAR620GjrtdrFAy6dn&c=chr6&g=cos)

**See Also**

[snpLocationsUCSC](#), [structureBiomart](#), [snpBiomart](#), [CoreillCNVTrack](#), [ClinVarMainTrack](#), [ClinVarCnvTrack](#),

**Examples**

```
library("Gviz")
chrom <- "chr2"
start <- 38290160
end <- 38303219
gen <- "hg19"
if(interactive()){
  cosmicVariant<-COSMICTrack(gen,chrom,start,end)
  plotTracks(cosmicVariant, from = start, to =end)
}else {
  data(cosmicVarianttrack)
  plotTracks(cosmicVariant, from = start, to =end)
}
```

---

cpgIslandsUCSC

*create track CpG Island from UCSC*

---

**Description**

create track CpG Island from UCSC using the Gviz bioconductor package

**Usage**

```
cpgIslandsUCSC(gen, chr, start, end)
```

**Arguments**

gen	the name of the genome
chr	the chromosome of interest
start	the first position in the region of interest (the smallest value)
end	the last position in the region of interest (the largest value)



**Value**

An UcsTrack object of Gviz

**Author(s)**

Tiphaine Martin

**References**

<http://bioconductor.org/packages/release/bioc/html/Gviz.html>

[http://genome-euro.ucsc.edu/cgi-bin/hgTrackUi?hgsid=202839739\\_2hYQ1BAOuBMAR620GjtrdrFAy6dn&c=chr6&g=cpg](http://genome-euro.ucsc.edu/cgi-bin/hgTrackUi?hgsid=202839739_2hYQ1BAOuBMAR620GjtrdrFAy6dn&c=chr6&g=cpg)

**Examples**

```
library("Gviz")
chrom <- "chr2"
start <- 38290160
end <- 38303219
gen <- "hg19"

if(interactive()) {
  cpgIstrack<-cpgIslandsUCSC(gen, chrom, start, end)
  plotTracks(cpgIstrack, from = start, to =end)
}else {
  data(cpgIslandtrack)
  plotTracks(cpgIstrack, from = start, to =end)
}
```

---

DNaseUCSC

*Creation of an UCSC's DNase clusters track*

---

**Description**

Creation of DNase cluster track from a connection to UCSC genome browser in using the GViz bioconductor package

**Usage**

```
DNaseUCSC(gen, chr, start, end, mySession, track.name = "DNase Clusters", table.name = NULL)
```

**Arguments**

gen	the name of the genome
chr	the chromosome of interest
start	the first position in the region of interest (the smallest value)
end	the last position in the region of interest (the largest value)

mySession        the object session from the function browserSession of rtracklayer  
 track.name       the name of the track DNaseUCSC. "DNase Clusters"(default)  
 table.name       the name of the table from the track

**Value**

An AnnotationTrack object of Gviz

**Author(s)**

Tiphaine Martin

**References**

<http://bioconductor.org/packages/release/bioc/html/Gviz.html>

[http://genome-euro.ucsc.edu/cgi-bin/hgTrackUi?hgkid=202839739\\_2hYQ1BAOuBMAR620GjrtDrFAy6dn&c=chr6&g=wg](http://genome-euro.ucsc.edu/cgi-bin/hgTrackUi?hgkid=202839739_2hYQ1BAOuBMAR620GjrtDrFAy6dn&c=chr6&g=wg)

**Examples**

```
library("Gviz")
gen <- "hg19"
chr <- "chr7"
start <- 38290160
end <- 38303219
if(interactive()){
  BROWSER.SESSION="UCSC"
  mySession <- browserSession(BROWSER.SESSION)
  genome(mySession) <- gen
  track.name="Broad ChromHMM"
  tablestrack<-tableNames(ucscTableQuery(mySession, track=track.name))
  table.name<-tablestrack[1]
  dnasetrack<-DNaseUCSC(gen,chr,start,end,mySession)
  plotTracks(dnasetrack, from = start, to =end)
}else {
  data(dnasetrack)
  plotTracks(dnasetrack, from = start, to =end)
}
```

---

GADTrack

*Create one track of the genomic positions of variants from the Genetic Association Database (GAD)*

---

**Description**

Create one track of the genomic positions of variants from the Genetic Association Database (GAD) (archive of human genetic association studies of complex diseases and disorders) using the Gviz bioconductor package

**Usage**

```
GADTrack(gen, chr, start, end, showId=FALSE)
```

**Arguments**

gen	the name of the genome
chr	the chromosome of interest
start	the first position in the region of interest (the smallest value)
end	the last position in the region of interest (the largest value)
showId	Show the ID of the genetic elements

**Value**

An UcsTrack object of Gviz

**Author(s)**

Tiphaine Martin

**References**

<http://bioconductor.org/packages/release/bioc/html/Gviz.html>

[http://genome-euro.ucsc.edu/cgi-bin/hgTrackUi?hgsid=202839739\\_2hYQ1BAOuBMAR620GjrtdrFAy6dn&c=chr6&g=gad](http://genome-euro.ucsc.edu/cgi-bin/hgTrackUi?hgsid=202839739_2hYQ1BAOuBMAR620GjrtdrFAy6dn&c=chr6&g=gad)

**See Also**

[ISCATrack](#), [GWASTrack](#), [knownGenesUCSC](#), [genesNameENSEMBL](#), [GeneReviewsTrack](#), [genesENSEMBL](#), [xenorefGenesUCSC](#), [transcriptENSEMBL](#),

**Examples**

```
library("Gviz")
gen2 <- "hg19"
chrom2 <- "chr2"
start2 <- 38290160
end2 <- 38303219

if(interactive()) {
  gadtrack<-GADTrack(gen=gen2 ,chr=chrom2 ,start=start2 ,end=end2)
  plotTracks(gadtrack, from = start2, to =end2)
} else {
  data(gadtrack)
  plotTracks(gadtrack, from = start2, to =end2)
}
```

---

`gcContent`*Create one track of GC content from UCSC*

---

**Description**

Create a track of GC content from UCSC using the Gviz bioconductor package

**Usage**

```
gcContent(gen, chr, start, end)
```

**Arguments**

<code>gen</code>	the name of the genome
<code>chr</code>	the chromosome of interest
<code>start</code>	the first position in the region of interest (the smallest value)
<code>end</code>	the last position in the region of interest (the largest value)

**Value**

A `UcscTrack` object of Gviz

**Author(s)**

Tiphaine Martin

**References**

<http://bioconductor.org/packages/release/bioc/html/Gviz.html>

[http://genome-euro.ucsc.edu/cgi-bin/hgTrackUi?hgsid=202839739\\_2hYQ1BAOuBMAR620GjrtDrFAy6dn&c=chr6&g=gc5](http://genome-euro.ucsc.edu/cgi-bin/hgTrackUi?hgsid=202839739_2hYQ1BAOuBMAR620GjrtDrFAy6dn&c=chr6&g=gc5)

**Examples**

```
library("Gviz")
gen <- "hg19"
chr <- "chr7"
start <- 38290160
end <- 38303219

if(interactive()){
  gctrack<-gcContent(gen,chr,start,end)
  plotTracks(gctrack,from= start, to=end)
} else {
  data(gctrack)
  plotTracks(gctrack,from= start, to=end)
}
```

---

GeneReviewsTrack	<i>Create one track of the genomic positions of variants from GeneReviews</i>
------------------	---

---

**Description**

Create one track of the genomic positions of variants from GeneReviews using the Gviz bioconductor package

**Usage**

```
GeneReviewsTrack(gen, chr, start, end, showId=FALSE)
```

**Arguments**

gen	the name of the genome
chr	the chromosome of interest
start	the first position in the region of interest (the smallest value)
end	the last position in the region of interest (the largest value)
showId	Show the ID of the genetic elements

**Value**

An UcsTrack object of Gviz

**Author(s)**

Tiphaine Martin

**References**

<http://bioconductor.org/packages/release/bioc/html/Gviz.html>

[http://genome-euro.ucsc.edu/cgi-bin/hgTrackUi?hgsid=202839739\\_2hYQ1BAOuBMAR620GjrtdrFAy6dn&c=chr6&g=gen](http://genome-euro.ucsc.edu/cgi-bin/hgTrackUi?hgsid=202839739_2hYQ1BAOuBMAR620GjrtdrFAy6dn&c=chr6&g=gen)

**See Also**

[ISCATrack](#), [GWASTrack](#), [knownGenesUCSC](#), [genesNameENSEMBL](#), [GADTrack](#), [genesENSEMBL](#), [xenorefGenesUCSC](#), [transcriptENSEMBL](#),

**Examples**

```
library("Gviz")
gen <- "hg19"
chr <- "chr2"
start <- 38290160
end <- 38303219
if(interactive()){
```

```

geneRtrack <-GeneReviewsTrack(gen,chrom,start,end,showId=TRUE)
plotTracks(geneRtrack, from = start, to = end)
} else {
  data(GeneReviewTrack)
  plotTracks(geneRtrack, from = start, to = end)
}

```

---

genesENSEMBL      *Create one track of the genes in the genomic regions of interest from EMSEMBL*

---

### Description

Create one track of the genes in the genomic regions of interest from EMSEMBL using the Gviz bioconductor package

### Usage

```
genesENSEMBL(gen, chr, start, end, showId=FALSE)
```

### Arguments

gen	the name of the genome
chr	the chromosome of interest
start	the first position in the region of interest (the smallest value)
end	the last position in the region of interest (the largest value)
showId	Show the ID of the genetic elements

### Value

A BiomartGeneRegionTrack object of Gviz

### Author(s)

Tiphaine Martin

### References

<http://bioconductor.org/packages/release/bioc/html/Gviz.html>

[http://genome-euro.ucsc.edu/cgi-bin/hgTrackUi?hgsid=202839739\\_2hYQ1BAOuBMAR620GjrtdrFAy6dn&c=chr6&g=ens](http://genome-euro.ucsc.edu/cgi-bin/hgTrackUi?hgsid=202839739_2hYQ1BAOuBMAR620GjrtdrFAy6dn&c=chr6&g=ens)

### See Also

[ISCATrack](#), [GWASTrack](#), [knownGenesUCSC](#), [genesNameENSEMBL](#), [GeneReviewsTrack](#), [GADTrack](#), [xenorefGenesUCSC](#), [transcriptENSEMBL](#),

**Examples**

```
library("Gviz")
gen <- "hg19"
chrom <- "chr2"
start <- 38290160
end <- 38303219
if(interactive()) {
  genetrack <- genesENSEMBL(gen, chrom, start, end, showId=TRUE)
  plotTracks(genetrack, from = start, to = end)
} else {
  data(geneENSEMBLtrack)
  plotTracks(genetrack, from = start, to = end)
}
```

---

genesNameENSEMBL	<i>Obtain the genes names in the genomic regions of interest from ENSEMBL</i>
------------------	---

---

**Description**

Obtain the genes names in the genomic regions of interest from ENSEMBL

**Usage**

```
genesNameENSEMBL(gen, chr, start, end, dataset)
```

**Arguments**

gen	the name of the genome
chr	the chromosome of interest
start	the first position in the region of interest (the smallest value)
end	the last position in the region of interest (the largest value)
dataset	Name of the database to select genes

**Details**

Can be null

**Value**

List of name of genes found in this region of interest.

**Author(s)**

Tiphaine Martin

**References**

go to ENSEMBL

<http://bioconductor.org/packages/release/bioc/html/Gviz.html>

**See Also**

[ISCATrack](#), [GWASTrack](#), [knownGenesUCSC](#), [GeneReviewsTrack](#), [GADTrack](#), [genesENSEMBL](#), [xenorefGenesUCSC](#), [transcriptENSEMBL](#),

**Examples**

```
library("Gviz")
gen <- "hg19"
chr <- "chr7"
start <- 38290160
end <- 38303219

if(interactive()){
  dataset<- "hsapiens_gene_ensembl"
  geneNameEnsembl<- genesNameENSEMBL(gen, chr, start, end, dataset)
  geneNameEnsembl
} else {
  data(geneNameEnsembl)
  geneNameEnsembl
}
```

---

GWASTrack

*Create one track of the genomic positions of variants from the GWAS catalog*

---

**Description**

Create one track of the genomic positions of variants from the NHGRI Catalog of Published Genome-Wide Association Studies using the Gviz bioconductor package

**Usage**

```
GWASTrack(gen, chr, start, end, showId=FALSE)
```

**Arguments**

gen	the name of the genome
chr	the chromosome of interest
start	the first position in the region of interest (the smallest value)
end	the last position in the region of interest (the largest value)
showId	Show the ID of the genetic elements



**Value**

An UcsTrack object of Gviz

**Author(s)**

Tiphaine Martin

**References**

[http://genome-euro.ucsc.edu/cgi-bin/hgTrackUi?hgsid=202839739\\_2hYQ1BAOuBMAR620GjrtdrFAy6dn&c=chr6&g=gwa](http://genome-euro.ucsc.edu/cgi-bin/hgTrackUi?hgsid=202839739_2hYQ1BAOuBMAR620GjrtdrFAy6dn&c=chr6&g=gwa)

<http://bioconductor.org/packages/release/bioc/html/Gviz.html>

**See Also**

[ISCATrack](#), [knownGenesUCSC](#), [genesNameENSEMBL](#), [GeneReviewsTrack](#), [GADTrack](#), [genesENSEMBL](#), [xenorefGenesUCSC](#), [transcriptENSEMBL](#),

**Examples**

```
library("Gviz")
gen <- "hg19"
chr <- "chr2"
start <- 37949607
end <- 37965207

if(interactive()) {
  gwastrack <- GWASTrack(gen, chrom, start, end)
  plotTracks(gwastrack, from = start, to = end)
} else {
  data(GWASTrack)
  plotTracks(gwastrack, from = start, to = end)
}
```

---

HistoneAll

*Create multiple tracks of histone modifications from the UCSC genome browser*

---

**Description**

Create multiple tracks of histone modifications from the UCSC genome browser (ENCODE/Broad) using the Gviz bioconductor package

**Usage**

```
HistoneAll(gen, chr, start, end, mySession, pattern = NULL,
           track.name = "Broad Histone", table.name = NULL)
```

**Arguments**

gen	the name of the genome
chr	the chromosome of interest
start	the first position in the region of interest (the smallest value)
end	the last position in the region of interest (the largest value)
mySession	the object session from the function browserSession of rtracklayer
pattern	The cell type
track.name	the name of the track, for example: "Broad Histone"
table.name	the name of the table from the track

**Value**

A list of AnnotationTrack object of Gviz

**Author(s)**

Tiphaine Martin

**References**

[http://genome-euro.ucsc.edu/cgi-bin/hgTrackUi?hgsid=202839739\\_2hYQ1BAOuBMAR620GjrtdrFAy6dn&c=chr6&g=wg](http://genome-euro.ucsc.edu/cgi-bin/hgTrackUi?hgsid=202839739_2hYQ1BAOuBMAR620GjrtdrFAy6dn&c=chr6&g=wg)  
<http://bioconductor.org/packages/release/bioc/html/Gviz.html>

**See Also**

[HistoneOne](#),

**Examples**

```
library("Gviz")
gen <- "hg19"
chr <- "chr2"
start <- 38290160
end <- 38313219

if(interactive()){
  BROWSER.SESSION="UCSC"
  mySession <- browserSession(BROWSER.SESSION)
  genome(mySession) <- gen
  pattern1 <- "GM12878"

  histonalltrack<-HistoneAll(gen,chr,start,end,mySession, pattern=pattern1,track.name="Broad Histone")
  plotTracks(histonalltrack, from = start, to =end)
} else {
  data(histonalltrack)
  plotTracks(histonalltrack, from = start, to =end)
}
```

---

HistoneOne	<i>Create one track of one histone modification profile from the UCSC genome browser</i>
------------	--

---

**Description**

Create one track of one histone modification profile from the UCSC genome browser (ENCODE/Broad) using the Gviz bioconductor package

**Usage**

```
HistoneOne(gen, chr, start, end, mySession, track.name = "Broad Histone",  
           table.name = NULL)
```

**Arguments**

gen	the name of the genome
chr	the chromosome of interest
start	the first position in the region of interest (the smallest value)
end	the last position in the region of interest (the largest value)
mySession	the object session from the function browserSession of rtracklayer
track.name	the name of the track, for example: "Broad Histone"
table.name	the name of the table from the track

**Value**

An AnnotationTrack object of Gviz

**Author(s)**

Tiphaine Martin

**References**

[http://genome-euro.ucsc.edu/cgi-bin/hgTrackUi?hgsid=202839739\\_2hYQ1BAOuBMAR620GjrtdrFAy6dn&c=chr6&g=wg](http://genome-euro.ucsc.edu/cgi-bin/hgTrackUi?hgsid=202839739_2hYQ1BAOuBMAR620GjrtdrFAy6dn&c=chr6&g=wg)  
<http://bioconductor.org/packages/release/bioc/html/Gviz.html>

**See Also**

[HistoneAll](#)

**Examples**

```

library("Gviz")
gen <- "hg19"
chr <- "chr2"
start <- 38290160
end <- 38303219

if(interactive()) {
  BROWSER.SESSION="UCSC"
  mySession <- browserSession(BROWSER.SESSION)
  genome(mySession) <- gen
  histoneonetrack<-HistoneOne(gen,chr,start,end,mySession)
  plotTracks(histoneonetrack, from = start, to =end)
} else {
  data(histoneonetrack)
  plotTracks(histoneonetrack, from = start, to =end)
}

```

---

ISCATrack

---

*Create one track of the genomic positions of variants from ISCA*


---

**Description**

Create one track of the genomic positions of variants from International Standards for Cytogenomic Arrays (ISCA) Consortium using the Gviz bioconductor package

**Usage**

```
ISCATrack(gen, chr, start, end, mySession, table.name, showId=FALSE)
```

**Arguments**

gen	the name of the genome
chr	the chromosome of interest
start	the first position in the region of interest (the smallest value)
end	the last position in the region of interest (the largest value)
mySession	the object session from the function browserSession of rtracklayer
table.name	A table of ISCAT classifications: iscaBenign, iscaCuratedBenign, iscaCurated-Pathogenic, iscaLikelyBenign, iscaLikelyPathogenic, iscaPathGainCum, iscaPathLossCum, iscaPathogenic, iscaUncertain
showId	Show the ID of the genetic elements

**Value**

An UcsTrack object of Gviz

**Author(s)**

Tiphaine Martin

**References**

[http://genome-euro.ucsc.edu/cgi-bin/hgTrackUi?hgsid=202839739\\_2hYQ1BAOuBMAR620GjrtDrFAy6dn&c=chr6&g=isca](http://genome-euro.ucsc.edu/cgi-bin/hgTrackUi?hgsid=202839739_2hYQ1BAOuBMAR620GjrtDrFAy6dn&c=chr6&g=isca)  
<http://bioconductor.org/packages/release/bioc/html/Gviz.html>

**See Also**

[GWASTrack](#), [knownGenesUCSC](#), [genesNameENSEMBL](#), [GeneReviewsTrack](#), [GADTrack](#), [genesENSEMBL](#), [xenorefGenesUCSC](#), [transcriptENSEMBL](#),

**Examples**

```
library("Gviz")
gen <- "hg19"
chr <- "chr2"
start <- 38292433
end <- 38305492

if(interactive()){
  BROWSER.SESSION="UCSC"
  mySession <- browserSession(BROWSER.SESSION)
  genome(mySession) <- gen
  iscatrack <- ISCATrack(gen,chrom,start,end,mySession, table="iscaPathogenic")
  plotTracks(iscatrack, from = start, to =end)
} else {
  data(ISCATrack)
  plotTracks(iscatrack, from = start, to =end)
}
```

---

**knownGenesUCSC***Create a track of known genes from the UCSC genome browser*

---

**Description**

Create a track of known genes from the UCSC genome browser using the Gviz bioconductor package

**Usage**

```
knownGenesUCSC(gen, chr, start, end, showId=TRUE)
```

**Arguments**

gen	the name of the genome
chr	the chromosome of interest
start	the first position in the region of interest (the smallest value)
end	the last position in the region of interest (the largest value)
showId	Show the ID of the genetic elements

**Value**

An Ucsctrack object of Gviz

**Author(s)**

Tiphaine Martin

**References**

[http://genome-euro.ucsc.edu/cgi-bin/hgTrackUi?hgsid=202839739\\_2hYQ1BAOuBMAR620GjrtdrFAy6dn&c=chr6&g=knownGenesUCSC](http://genome-euro.ucsc.edu/cgi-bin/hgTrackUi?hgsid=202839739_2hYQ1BAOuBMAR620GjrtdrFAy6dn&c=chr6&g=knownGenesUCSC)  
<http://bioconductor.org/packages/release/bioc/html/Gviz.html>

**See Also**

[ISCATrack](#), [GWASTrack](#), [genesNameENSEMBL](#), [GeneReviewsTrack](#), [GADTrack](#), [genesENSEMBL](#), [xenorefGenesUCSC](#), [transcriptENSEMBL](#),

**Examples**

```
library("Gviz")
gen <- "hg19"
chr <- "chr7"
start <- 38290160
end <- 38303219

if(interactive()) {
  genesUcsctrack<-knownGenesUCSC(gen,chr,start,end)
  plotTracks(genesUcsctrack, from = start, to =end)
}else {
  data(genesUcsctrack)
  plotTracks(genesUcsctrack, from = start, to =end)
}
```

---

regulationBiomart      *Create a regulation track from ENSEMBL*

---

**Description**

Create a 'Regulation' track from ENSEMBL using the Gviz bioconductor package

**Usage**

```
regulationBiomart(gen, chr, start, end)
```

**Arguments**

gen	the name of the genome
chr	the chromosome of interest
start	the first position in the region of interest (the smallest value)
end	the last position in the region of interest (the largest value)

**Value**

An AnnotationTrack object of Gviz

**Author(s)**

Tiphaine Martin

**References**

<http://bioconductor.org/packages/release/bioc/html/Gviz.html>

Got to ENSEMBLregulation biomart

**Examples**

```
library("Gviz")
gen <- "hg19"
chr <- "chr7"
start <- 38290160
end <- 38303219

if(interactive()){
  regulationENSEMBLtrack<-regulationBiomart(gen,chr,start,end)
  plotTracks(regulationENSEMBLtrack, from = start, to =end)
} else {
  data(regulationENSEMBLtrack)
  plotTracks(regulationENSEMBLtrack, from = start, to =end)
}
```

RepeatMaskerTrack      *Create one track of the genomic positions of regions from RepeatMaskerTrack*

---

### Description

Create one track of the genomic positions of regions from RepeatMaskerTrack using the Gviz bioconductor package

### Usage

```
RepeatMaskerTrack(gen, chr, start, end, showId=FALSE)
```

### Arguments

gen	the name of the genome
chr	the chromosome of interest
start	the first position in the region of interest (the smallest value)
end	the last position in the region of interest (the largest value)
showId	Show the ID of the genetic elements

### Value

An UcsTrack object of Gviz

### Author(s)

Tiphaine Martin

### References

<http://bioconductor.org/packages/release/bioc/html/Gviz.html>

[http://genome-euro.ucsc.edu/cgi-bin/hgTrackUi?hgsid=202839739\\_2hYQ1BAOuBMAR620GjrtdrFAy6dn&c=chr6&g=rms](http://genome-euro.ucsc.edu/cgi-bin/hgTrackUi?hgsid=202839739_2hYQ1BAOuBMAR620GjrtdrFAy6dn&c=chr6&g=rms)

### Examples

```
library("Gviz")
gen <- "hg19"
chr <- "chr2"
start <- 38290160
end <- 38303219
if(interactive()){
  rmtrack <- RepeatMaskerTrack(gen, chr, start, end, showId=TRUE)
  plotTracks(rmtrack, from = start, to = end)
} else {
  data(RepeatMaskerTrack)
  plotTracks(rmtrack, from = start, to = end)
}
```



---

`snpBiomart`*Create a short variation track from ENSEMBL*

---

**Description**

Create a 'Short Variation' track from ENSEMBL using the Gviz bioconductor package

**Usage**

```
snpBiomart(chr, start, end, dataset, showId=FALSE, title = NULL)
```

**Arguments**

<code>chr</code>	the chromosome of interest
<code>start</code>	the first position in the region of interest (the smallest value)
<code>end</code>	the last position in the region of interest (the largest value)
<code>dataset</code>	The name of the database. Example "hsapiens_snp_som"
<code>showId</code>	Show the the ID of element or not
<code>title</code>	The name of the annotation track

**Value**

An AnnotationTrack object of Gviz

**Author(s)**

Tiphaine Martin

**References**

Go to ENSEMBL Biomart  
<http://bioconductor.org/packages/release/bioc/html/Gviz.html>

**See Also**

[snpLocationsUCSC](#), [structureBiomart](#), [COSMICTrack](#), [CoreillCNVTrack](#), [ClinVarMainTrack](#), [ClinVarCnvTrack](#),

**Examples**

```
library("Gviz")
gen <- "hg19"
chr <- "chr2"
start <- 38290160
end <- 38303219

if(interactive()){
```

```

snptrack <- snpBiomart(chr, start, end,
                      dataset="hsapiens_snp_som", showId=FALSE)
plotTracks(snptrack, from=start, to=end)
} else {
  data(snpBiomarttrack)
  plotTracks(snptrack, from=start, to=end)
}

```

---

snpLocationsUCSC      *Create a SNP track from UCSC*

---

### Description

Create a SNP track from UCSC using the Gviz bioconductor package

### Usage

```
snpLocationsUCSC(gen, chr, start, end, track)
```

### Arguments

gen	the name of the genome
chr	the chromosome of interest
start	the first position in the region of interest (the smallest value)
end	the last position in the region of interest (the largest value)
track	The name of the database. Example "snp138"

### Value

An UcscTrack object of Gviz

### Author(s)

Tiphaine Martin

### References

[http://genome-euro.ucsc.edu/cgi-bin/hgTrackUi?hgsid=202839739\\_2hYQ1BAOuBMAR620GjrtdrFAy6dn&c=chr6&g=snp](http://genome-euro.ucsc.edu/cgi-bin/hgTrackUi?hgsid=202839739_2hYQ1BAOuBMAR620GjrtdrFAy6dn&c=chr6&g=snp)  
<http://bioconductor.org/packages/release/bioc/html/Gviz.html>

### See Also

[snpLocationsUCSC](#), [structureBiomart](#), [COSMICTrack](#), [CoreillCNVTrack](#), [ClinVarMainTrack](#), [ClinVarCnvTrack](#),

**Examples**

```
library("Gviz")
gen <- "hg19"
chr <- "chr7"
start <- 38290160
end <- 38303219

if(interactive()) {
  snpUCSCtrack<-snpLocationsUCSC(gen,chr,start,end,"snp138")
  plotTracks(snpUCSCtrack, from = start, to =end)
} else {
  data(snpUCSCtrack)
  plotTracks(snpUCSCtrack, from = start, to =end)
}
```

---

structureBiomart

*Create a structural variation track from ENSEMBL*

---

**Description**

Create a 'Structural Variation' track from ENSEMBL using the Gviz bioconductor package

**Usage**

```
structureBiomart(chr, start, end, strand, dataset, showId=FALSE, title = NULL)
```

**Arguments**

chr	the chromosome of interest
start	the first position in the region of interest (the smallest value)
end	the last position in the region of interest (the largest value)
strand	the strand to extract structure data for
dataset	The name of the database. Example "hsapiens_structvar_som"
showId	Show the the ID of the element
title	The name of the annotation track

**Value**

An AnnotationTrack object of Gviz

**Author(s)**

Tiphaine Martin

## References

Go to ENSEMBL Biomart

<http://bioconductor.org/packages/release/bioc/html/Gviz.html>

## See Also

[snpLocationsUCSC](#), [snpBiomart](#), [COSMICTrack](#), [CoreillCNVTrack](#), [ClinVarMainTrack](#), [ClinVarCnvTrack](#),

## Examples

```
library("Gviz")
gen <- "hg19"
chr <- "chr2"
start <- 38290160
end <- 38303219

if(interactive()){
  strutrack <- structureBiomart(chr, start, end,
                              strand, dataset="hsapiens_structvar_som")
  plotTracks(strutrack, from=start, to=end)
}else {
  data(strucBiomarttrack)
  plotTracks(strutrack, from=start, to=end)
}
```

---

transcriptENSEMBL      *Create a track of transcripts from ENSEMBL*

---

## Description

Create a track to visualize different transcripts from ENSEMBL using the Gviz bioconductor package

## Usage

```
transcriptENSEMBL(gen, chr, start, end, showId = FALSE)
```

## Arguments

gen	the name of the genome
chr	the chromosome of interest
start	the first position in the region of interest (the smallest value)
end	the last position in the region of interest (the largest value)
showId	Show the ID of the genetic elements

**Value**

A BiomartGeneRegionTrack object of Gviz

**Author(s)**

Tiphaine Martin

**References**

<http://bioconductor.org/packages/release/bioc/html/Gviz.html>

[http://genome-euro.ucsc.edu/cgi-bin/hgTrackUi?hgsid=202839739\\_2hYQ1BAOuBMAR620GjrtDrFAy6dn&c=chr6&g=ens](http://genome-euro.ucsc.edu/cgi-bin/hgTrackUi?hgsid=202839739_2hYQ1BAOuBMAR620GjrtDrFAy6dn&c=chr6&g=ens)

**See Also**

[ISCATrack](#), [GWASTrack](#), [knownGenesUCSC](#), [genesNameENSEMBL](#), [GeneReviewsTrack](#), [GADTrack](#), [genesENSEMBL](#), [xenorefGenesUCSC](#),

**Examples**

```
library("Gviz")
gen <- "hg19"
chr <- "chr7"
start <- 38290160
end <- 38303219

if(interactive()){
  transENSEMBLtrack<-transcriptENSEMBL(gen,chr,start,end,showId=TRUE)
  plotTracks(transENSEMBLtrack, from=start, to=end)
} else {
  data(transENSEMBLtrack)
  plotTracks(transENSEMBLtrack, from=start, to=end)
}
```

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